UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

□ QUAR	TERLY REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIE	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	F	For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022	
	SITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIE	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the	transition period from to	
		COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 001-38728	
	(Ex	AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. act name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
	Delaware		47-1685128
()	State of incorporation)	(I.R.S	S. Employer Identification No.)
		nte 9 South, Suite 3100, Freehold, New Jersey 07728 ddress of principal executive offices) (zip code)	
	(Re:	(732) 780-4400 gistrant's telephone number, including area code)	
3		orts required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the S to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □
	_	ectronically every Interactive Data File required to be such shorter period that the registrant was required to su	e submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ bmit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square
			er, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth g growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	×	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
	, indicate by check mark if the re ursuant to Section 13(a) of the Ex		period for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicate by check mark whether	the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes	No ⊠
Securities registered pursuant to	Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of Each	Class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 p	par value per share	AVCO	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
State the number of shares outsta	anding of each of the issuer's clas	ses of common equity, as of the latest practicable date.	
	Class		Outstanding May 11, 2022
Common St	tock, \$0.0001 par value per share		88,955,401 shares

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP.

FORM 10-Q

March 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page No.
	PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	1
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2022 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2021	1
	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and	
	<u>2021</u>	2
	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021	3
	<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021</u>	5
	Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	22
Item 3	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	32
Item 4	Controls and Procedures	32
	PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	33
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	33
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	33
Item 3.	Defaults upon Senior Securities	34
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	34
Item 5.	Other Information	34
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	36

i

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements regarding our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates" and similar expressions or variations of such words are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but are not deemed to represent an all-inclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements as denoted in this report. Additionally, statements concerning future matters are forward-looking statements.

Although forward-looking statements in this report reflect the good faith judgment of our management, such statements can only be based on facts and factors currently known by us. Consequently, forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties and actual results and outcomes may differ materially from the results and outcomes discussed in or anticipated by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences in results and outcomes include, without limitation, those specifically addressed under the headings "Risks Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our annual report on Form 10-K, in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this Form 10-Q and information contained in other reports that we file with the SEC. You are urged not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report.

We file reports with the SEC. The SEC maintains a website (www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC, including us. You can also read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. You can obtain additional information about the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of this report, except as required by law. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made throughout the entirety of this quarterly report, which are designed to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this report to "we," "us", "Avalon" or the "Company" refer to Avalon GloboCare Corp. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 526,290	\$ 807,538
Rent receivable	44,065	33,618
Rent receivable - related party	46,200	33,600
Deferred financing costs, net Prepaid expenses and other current assets	139,170 157,791	138,631 309,655
Trepute expenses and other earrent assets	137,771	307,033
Total Current Assets	913,516	1,323,042
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Rent receivable - noncurrent portion	155,266	163,211
Deferred financing costs - noncurrent portion, net	74,937	74,648
Security deposit	-	20,271
Deferred leasing costs	101,936	109,792
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	111,223	145,303
Property and equipment, net	321,206	361,547
Investment in real estate, net	7,486,599	7,528,770
Equity method investment	503,994	515,632
Total Non-current Assets	8,755,161	8,919,174
Total Assets	\$ 9,668,677	\$ 10,242,216
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITI		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accrued professional fees	\$ 2,567,620	\$ 1,881,349
Accrued research and development fees	811,867	928,111
Accrued payroll liability and directors' compensation	480,226	307,043
Accrued liabilities and other payables	656,830	275,320
Accrued liabilities and other payables - related parties	508,120	468,433
Operating lease obligation	123,223	151,402
Note payable - related party		390,000
Total Current Liabilities	5,147,886	4,401,658
		, , , , , , ,
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Operating lease obligation - noncurrent portion	-	5,901
Note payable - related party	390,000	-
Loan payable - related party	2,850,262	2,750,262
Total Non-current Liabilities	3,240,262	2,756,163
Total Liabilities	8,388,148	7,157,821
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 13)		
EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	_	_
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 490,000,000 shares authorized; 89,145,809 shares issued and 88,625,809 shares outstanding at March 31, 2022; 88,975,169 shares issued and 88,455,169 shares outstanding at December 31, 2021;	8,915	8,898
Additional paid-in capital	55,153,193	54,888,559
Less: common stock held in treasury, at cost; 520,000 shares at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	(522,500)	(522,500)
Accumulated deficit	(53,202,412)	(51,131,874)
Statutory reserve	6,578	6,578
	(163,245)	(165,266)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - foreign currency translation adjustment		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - foreign currency translation adjustment Total Avalon GloboCare Corp. stockholders' equity Non-controlling interest	1,280,529	3,084,395

 Total Equity
 1,280,529
 3,084,395

 Total Liabilities and Equity
 \$ 9,668,677
 \$ 10,242,216

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited)

For the Three Months

	Ended March 31,			31,
		2022		
REVENUES				
Real property rental	\$	297,631	\$	289,774
Total Revenues	Φ	297,631	Ф	289,774
Total Actionals		277,031		207,774
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Real property operating expenses		218,448		216,894
Total Costs and Expenses		218,448		216,894
		_		
GROSS PROFIT				
Real property operating income	_	79,183	_	72,880
Total Gross Profit	_	79,183		72,880
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Advertising and marketing		526,806		8,823
Professional fees		821,308		1,381,178
Compensation and related benefits		523,045		562,006
Research and development expenses		116,684		213,188
Other general and administrative		218,282		211,273
Total Other Operating Expenses	_	2,206,125		2,376,468
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(2.12(.042)		(2.202.500)
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	_	(2,126,942)		(2,303,588)
OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME				
Interest expense - related party		(39,686)		(45,149)
Loss from equity method investment		(12,916)		(18,514)
Other income		109,006		133
Total Other Income (Expense), net		56,404		(63,530)
LOGG REFORE BYCOME TAVES		(2.070.520)		(2.2(7.110)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(2,070,538)		(2,367,118)
INCOME TAXES		-		-
NET LOSS	\$	(2,070,538)	\$	(2,367,118)
LESS: NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	_		_	
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. COMMON SHAREHOLDERS		(2.050.520)	Φ.	(2.25=110)
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO AVALON GLOBOCARE CORF. COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$	(2,070,538)	2	(2,367,118)
COMPREHENCIALE LOCC.				
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS: NET LOSS	\$	(2,070,538)	\$	(2,367,118)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	Ψ	(2,070,330)	Ψ	(2,507,110)
Unrealized foreign currency translation gain (loss)		2,021		(2,722)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(2,068,517)		(2,369,840)
LESS: COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST		-		-
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$	(2,068,517)	\$	(2,369,840)
	_	()	<u> </u>	(, ,- ,- ,-
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. COMMON SHAREHOLDERS:				
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.03)
	-	(3.32)		(0.30)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:				
Basic and diluted		88,502,439		83,413,154

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022

(Unaudited)

Avalon GloboCare Corp. Stockholders' Equity

	Preferr Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Number of Shares	Amount Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Statutory Reserve	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2022	-	s -	88,975,169	\$ 8,898	\$54,888,559	(520,000)	\$ (522,500)	\$(51,131,874)	6,578	\$ (165,266)	\$ -	\$ 3,084,395
Sale of common stock, net	-	-	170,640	17	112,311	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,328
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	152,323	-	-	-	-	-	-	152,323
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,021	-	2,021
Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022	_				_		-	(2,070,538)	-		-	(2,070,538)
Balance, March 31, 2022		\$ -	89,145,809	\$ 8,915	\$55,153,193	(520,000)	\$ (522,500)	\$(53,202,412)	6,578	\$ (163,245)	\$ -	\$ 1,280,529

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(Unaudited)

Avalon GloboCare Corp. Stockholders' Equity

	Preferre	ed Stock	Commo Number	n Stock	Additional	Treasury Number	Stock			Accumulated Other			
	of Shares	Amount	of Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	of Shares	Amount	Accumulated Deficit	Statutory Reserve	Comprehensive Loss	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity	
Balance, January 1, 2021	-	\$ -	82,795,297	\$ 8,279	\$46,856,447	(520,000) \$	(522,500)	\$(42,041,375)	\$ 6,578	\$ (190,510)	\$ -	\$ 4,116,919	
Sale of common stock, net	-	-	1,848,267	185	2,337,074	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,337,259	
Issuance of common stock for services	-	-	300,000	30	359,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	360,000	
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	202,505	-	-	-	-	-	-	202,505	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,722)	-	(2,722)	
Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2021							-	(2,367,118)	-			(2,367,118)	
Balance, March 31, 2021		\$ -	84,943,564	\$ 8,494	\$49,755,996	(520,000) \$	(522,500)	\$(44,408,493)	\$ 6,578	\$ (193,232)	\$ -	\$ 4,646,843	

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended

	Marc	h 31,
	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (2,070,538)	\$ (2,367,118)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	Ψ (2,070,330)	ψ (2,507,110)
Depreciation	84.984	78,875
Change in straight-line rent receivable	4,463	943
Amortization of right-of-use asset	34,247	27,531
Stock-based compensation and service expense	605,626	573,982
Loss on equity method investment	12,916	18,514
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	,	-,-
Rent receivable	(6,965)	13,647
Rent receivable - related party	(12,600)	-
Security deposit	(441)	6,003
Deferred leasing costs	7,856	(2,364)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	30,219	(40,803)
Accrued liabilities and other payables	793,585	163,442
Accrued liabilities and other payables - related parties	39,687	45,149
Operating lease obligation	(34,247)	(33,326)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(511,208)	(1,515,525)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,749)	_
Additional investment in equity method investment	(1,747)	(30,844)
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,749)	(30,844)
CASH COLD IN INVESTING NETTHINGS	(1,/4)	(30,644)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds received from loan payable - related party	100,000	105,249
Proceeds received from equity offering	135,567	2,481,405
Disbursements for equity offering costs	(4,067)	(74,442)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	231,500	2,512,212
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH	209	120
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(281,248)	965,963
CASH - beginning of period	807,538	726,577
CASH - end of period	\$ 526,290	\$ 1,692,540
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Common stock issued for accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 261,032
Deferred financing costs in accrued liabilities	\$ 20,000	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deterred infancing costs in accrued natificies	\$ 20,000	\$ -

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Avalon GloboCare Corp. (the "Company" or "AVCO") is a Delaware corporation. The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on July 28, 2014. On October 19, 2016, the Company entered into and closed a Share Exchange Agreement with the shareholders of Avalon Healthcare System, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("AHS"), each of which were accredited investors ("AHS Shareholders") pursuant to which we acquired 100% of the outstanding securities of AHS in exchange for 50,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "AHS Acquisition"). AHS was incorporated on May 18, 2015 under the laws of the State of Delaware.

For accounting purposes, AHS was the surviving entity. The transaction was accounted for as a recapitalization of AHS pursuant to which AHS was treated as the accounting acquirer, surviving and continuing entity although the Company is the legal acquirer. The Company did not recognize goodwill or any intangible assets in connection with this transaction. Accordingly, the Company's historical financial statements are those of AHS and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. ("Avalon Shanghai") immediately following the consummation of this reverse merger transaction. AHS owns 100% of the capital stock of Avalon Shanghai, which is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). Avalon Shanghai was incorporated on April 29, 2016 and is engaged in medical related consulting services for customers.

The Company is a clinical-stage, vertically integrated, leading CellTech bio-developer dedicated to advancing and empowering innovative, transformative immune effector cell therapy, exosome technology, as well as COVID-19 related diagnostics and therapeutics. The Company also provides strategic advisory and outsourcing services to facilitate and enhance its clients' growth and development, as well as competitiveness in healthcare and CellTech industry markets. Through its subsidiary structure with unique integration of verticals from innovative R&D to automated bioproduction and accelerated clinical development, the Company is establishing a leading role in the fields of cellular immunotherapy (including CAR-T/NK), exosome technology (ACTEXTM), and COVID-19 related vaccine and therapeutics.

On January 23, 2017, the Company incorporated Avalon (BVI) Ltd., a British Virgin Island company. There was no activity for the subsidiary since its incorporation through March 31, 2022. Avalon (BVI) Ltd. is dormant and is in process of being dissolved.

On February 7, 2017, the Company formed Avalon RT 9 Properties, LLC ("Avalon RT 9"), a New Jersey limited liability company. On May 5, 2017, Avalon RT 9 purchased a real property located in Township of Freehold, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, having a street address of 4400 Route 9 South, Freehold, NJ 07728. This property was purchased to serve as the Company's world-wide headquarters for all corporate administration and operations. In addition, the property generates rental income. Avalon RT 9 owns this office building. Avalon RT 9's business consists of the ownership and operation of the income-producing real estate property in New Jersey. As of March 31, 2022, the occupancy rate of the building is 83.5%.

On July 31, 2017, the Company formed Genexosome Technologies Inc. ("Genexosome") in Nevada. Genexosome was engaged in developing proprietary diagnostic and therapeutic products using exosomes. Genexosome owns 100% of the capital stock of Beijing Jieteng (Genexosome) Biotech Co., Ltd., a corporation incorporated in the People's Republic of China on August 7, 2015 ("Beijing Genexosome"), and the Company holds 60% of Genexosome and Dr. Yu Zhou holds 40% of Genexosome. The Company had not been able to realize the financial projections provided by Dr. Zhou at the time of the acquisition and has decided to impair the intangible asset associated with this acquisition to zero. Dr. Zhou was terminated as Co-CEO of Genexosome on August 14, 2019. Since the fourth quarter of 2019, the non-controlling interest has remained inactive.

On July 18, 2018, the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary, Avactis Biosciences Inc., a Nevada corporation, which will focus on accelerating commercial activities related to cellular therapies, including regenerative medicine with stem/progenitor cells as well as cellular immunotherapy including CAR-T, CAR-NK, TCR-T and others. The subsidiary is designed to integrate and optimize our global scientific and clinical resources to further advance the use of cellular therapies to treat certain cancers. Commencing on April 6, 2022, the Company owns 60% of Avactis Biosciences Inc.

On June 13, 2019, the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary, International Exosome Association LLC, a Delaware company. There was no activity for the subsidiary since its incorporation through March 31, 2022.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Details of the Company's subsidiaries which are included in these condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2022 are as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Place and date of Incorporation	Percentage of Ownership	Principal Activities
Avalon Healthcare System, Inc.	Delaware May 18, 2015	100% held by AVCO	Provides medical related consulting services and developing Avalon Cell and Avalon Rehab in United States of America ("USA")
(Allo)	141ay 10, 2013		(001)
Avalon (BVI) Ltd.	British Virgin Island	100% held by AVCO	Dormant, is in process of being dissolved
("Avalon BVI")	January 23, 2017		
Avalon RT 9 Properties LLC	New Jersey	100% held by AVCO	Owns and operates an income-producing real property and holds and manages the corporate headquarters
("Avalon RT 9")	February 7, 2017		
Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd.	PRC	100% held by AHS	Provides medical related consulting services and developing Avalon Cell and Avalon Rehab in China
("Avalon Shanghai")	April 29, 2016		
Genexosome Technologies Inc.	Nevada	60% held by AVCO	Dormant
("Genexosome")	July 31, 2017		
Beijing Jieteng (Genexosome) Biotech Co., Ltd.	PRC	100% held by Genexosome	Dormant
("Beijing Genexosome")	August 7, 2015		
Avactis Biosciences Inc.	Nevada	100% held by AVCO	Integrate and optimize global scientific and clinical resources to
("Avactis")	July 18, 2018		further advance cellular therapies, including regenerative medicine with stem/progenitor cells as well as cellular immunotherapy including CAR-T, CAR-NK, TCR-T and others to treat certain cancers
International Exosome Association LLC	Delaware	100% held by AVCO	Promotes standardization related to exosome industry
("Exosome")	June 13, 2019		,

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN CONDITION

Basis of Presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) and disclosures necessary for a fair presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been included. The results reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements for any interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be reported for the entire year. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN CONDITION (continued)

Going Concern

The Company is a clinical-stage, vertically integrated, leading CellTech bio-developer dedicated to advancing and empowering innovative, transformative immune effector cell therapy, exosome technology, as well as COVID-19 related diagnostics and therapeutics. The Company also provides strategic advisory and outsourcing services to facilitate and enhance its clients' growth and development, as well as competitiveness in healthcare and CellTech industry markets. Through its subsidiary structure with unique integration of verticals from innovative R&D to automated bioproduction and accelerated clinical development, the Company is establishing a leading role in the fields of cellular immunotherapy (including CAR-T/NK), exosome technology (ACTEXTM), and COVID-19 related vaccine and therapeutics.

In addition, the Company owns commercial real estate that houses its headquarters in Freehold, New Jersey and provides outsourced, customized international healthcare services to the rapidly changing health care industry primarily focused in the People's Republic of China. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates, among other things, the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$4,234,370 as of March 31, 2022 and has incurred recurring net losses and generated negative cash flow from operating activities of \$2,070,538 and \$511,208 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, respectively. The Company has a limited operating history and its continued growth is dependent upon the continuation of providing medical related consulting services to its only few clients who are related parties and generating rental revenue from its income-producing real estate property in New Jersey; hence generating revenues, and obtaining additional financing to fund future obligations and pay liabilities arising from normal business operations. In addition, the current cash balance cannot be projected to cover the operating expenses for the next twelve months from the release date of this report. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional capital, implement its business plan, and generate significant revenues. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in its efforts to generate significant revenues, maintain sufficient cash balance or report profitable operations or to continue as a going concern. The Company plans on raising capital through the sale of equity to implement its business plan. However, there is no assurance these plans will be realized and that any additional financings will be available to the Company on satisfactory terms and conditions, if any.

The occurrence of an uncontrollable event such as the COVID-19 pandemic had negatively impact on the Company's operations. Our general development operations have continued during the COVID-19 pandemic and we have not had significant disruption. However, we are uncertain if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future operations at our laboratory, or our ability to collaborate with other laboratories and universities. In addition, we are unsure if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future clinical trials. Given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration of business disruption and reduced traffic, the related financial effect cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but is expected to adversely impact the Company's business for the rest of 2022.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability or classification of asset-carrying amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 include the useful life of property and equipment and investment in real estate, assumptions used in assessing impairment of long-term assets, valuation of deferred tax assets and the associated valuation allowances, and valuation of stock-based compensation.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

The Company adopted the guidance of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820 for fair value measurements which clarifies the definition of fair value, prescribes methods for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1-Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available at the measurement date.
- Level 2-Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3-Inputs are unobservable inputs which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions on what assumptions the market participants would use in pricing the
 asset or liability based on the best available information.

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, primarily due to their short-term nature.

ASC 825-10 "Financial Instruments", allows entities to voluntarily choose to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value (fair value option). The fair value option may be elected on an instrument-by-instrument basis and is irrevocable, unless a new election date occurs. If the fair value option is elected for an instrument, unrealized gains and losses for that instrument should be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The Company did not elect to apply the fair value option to any outstanding instruments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's cash balances by geographic area were as follows:

Country:	 March 31, 2	2022	 December	31, 2021
United States	\$ 398,459	75.7%	\$ 767,605	95.1%
China	127,831	24.3%	39,933	4.9%
Total cash	\$ 526,290	100.0%	\$ 807,538	100.0%

For purposes of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and money market accounts to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Credit Risk and Uncertainties

A portion of the Company's cash is maintained with state-owned banks within the PRC. Balances at state-owned banks within the PRC are covered by insurance up to RMB 500,000 (approximately \$79,000) per bank. Any balance over RMB 500,000 per bank in PRC will not be covered. At March 31, 2022, cash balances held in the PRC are RMB 810,451 (approximately \$128,000), of which, RMB 284,408 (approximately \$45,000) was not covered by such limited insurance. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any risks on its cash in bank accounts.

The Company maintains a portion of its cash in bank and financial institution deposits within U.S. that at times may exceed federally-insured limits of \$250,000. The Company manages this credit risk by concentrating its cash balances in high quality financial institutions and by periodically evaluating the credit quality of the primary financial institutions holding such deposits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such bank accounts and believes it is not exposed to any risks on its cash in bank accounts. At March 31, 2022, there were no balances in excess of the federally-insured limits.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Credit Risk and Uncertainties (continued)

Currently, a portion of the Company's operations are carried out in PRC. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environment in the PRC, and by the general state of the PRC's economy. The Company's operations in PRC are subject to specific considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of trade accounts receivable. A portion of the Company's sales are credit sales which is to the customer whose ability to pay is dependent upon the industry economics prevailing in these areas; however, concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable is limited due to short-term payment terms. The Company also performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers to help further reduce credit risk.

Investment in Unconsolidated Company - Epicon Biosciences Co., Ltd.

The Company uses the equity method of accounting for its investment in, and earning or loss of, company that it does not control but over which it does exert significant influence. The Company considers whether the fair value of its equity method investment has declined below its carrying value whenever adverse events or changes in circumstances indicate that recorded value may not be recoverable. If the Company considers any decline to be other than temporary (based on various factors, including historical financial results and the overall health of the investee), then a write-down would be recorded to estimated fair value. See Note 5 for discussion of equity method investment.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). The core principle of the revenue standard is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The following five steps are applied to achieve that core principle:

- Step 1: Identify the contract with the customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation

In order to identify the performance obligations in a contract with a customer, a company must assess the promised goods or services in the contract and identify each promised goods or service that is distinct. A performance obligation meets ASC 606's definition of a "distinct" goods or service (or bundle of goods or services) if both of the following criteria are met:

- The customer can benefit from the goods or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e., the goods or service is capable of being distinct).
- The entity's promise to transfer the goods or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e., the promise to transfer the goods or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

If a goods or service is not distinct, the goods or service is combined with other promised goods or services until a bundle of goods or services is identified that is distinct.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, some sales taxes). The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts, or both. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

The transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation on a relative standalone selling price basis. The transaction price allocated to each performance obligation is recognized when that performance obligation is satisfied, at a point in time or over time as appropriate.

The Company's revenues are derived from providing medial related consulting services for its' related parties. Revenues related to its service offerings are recognized at a point in time when service is rendered. Any payments received in advance of the performance of services are recorded as deferred revenue until such time as the services are performed.

The Company has determined that the ASC 606 does not apply to rental contracts, which are within the scope of other revenue recognition accounting standards.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis under the guidance of ASC 842. Lease payments under tenant leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related leases. The cumulative difference between lease revenue recognized under the straight-line method and contractual lease payments are included in rent receivable on the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company does not offer promotional payments, customer coupons, rebates or other cash redemption offers to its customers.

Per Share Data

ASC Topic 260 "Earnings per Share," requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") with a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic EPS computation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS computation. Basic EPS excludes dilution. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity.

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during each period. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, potentially dilutive common shares consist of the common shares issuable upon the exercise of common stock options (using the treasury stock method). Common stock equivalents are not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share if their effect would be anti-dilutive. In a period in which the Company has a net loss, all potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation of diluted shares outstanding as they would have had an anti-dilutive impact.

The following table summarizes the securities that were excluded from the diluted per share calculation because the effect of including these potential shares was antidilutive:

Three Months Ended

	March	31,
	2022	2021
Stock options	8,185,000	7,580,000
Potentially dilutive securities	8,185,000	7,580,000

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Segment Reporting

The Company uses "the management approach" in determining reportable operating segments. The management approach considers the internal organization and reporting used by the Company's chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the source for determining the Company's reportable segments. The Company's chief operating decision maker is the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and president of the Company, who reviews operating results to make decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance for the entire Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company operates through two business segments: real property operating segment and medical related consulting services segment. These reportable segments offer different types of services and products, have different types of revenue, and are managed separately as each requires different operating strategies and management expertise.

Reclassification

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the previously reported financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Recent Accounting Standards

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses ("Topic 326")*. The ASU introduces a new accounting model, the Current Expected Credit Losses model ("CECL"), which requires earlier recognition of credit losses and additional disclosures related to credit risk. The CECL model utilizes a lifetime expected credit loss measurement objective for the recognition of credit losses at the time the financial asset is originated or acquired. ASU 2016-13 is effective for annual period beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods. The Company expects that the adoption will not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption. The Company does not discuss recent pronouncements that are not anticipated to have an impact on or are unrelated to its consolidated financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or disclosures.

NOTE 4 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following:

	M	larch 31,	Dec	ember 31,
		2022		2021
Prepaid directors and officers liability insurance premium	\$	12,643	\$	49,656
Prepaid professional fees		26,394		186,609
Recoverable VAT		20,445		23,655
Deferred leasing costs		31,422		31,422
Security deposit		20,764		-
Advance to supplier		14,804		-
Other		31,319		18,313
Total	\$	157,791	\$	309,655

NOTE 5 – EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENT

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the equity method investment amounted to \$503,994 and \$515,632, respectively. The investment represents the Company's subsidiary, Avalon Shanghai's interest in Epicon Biotech Co., Ltd. ("Epicon"). Epicon was incorporated on August 14, 2018 in PRC. Avalon Shanghai and the other unrelated company, Jiangsu Unicorn Biological Technology Co., Ltd. ("Unicorn"), accounted for 40% and 60% of the total ownership, respectively. Epicon is focused on cell preparation, third party testing, biological sample repository for commercial and scientific research purposes and the clinical transformation of scientific achievements.

NOTE 5 - EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENT (continued)

The Company treats the equity investment in the condensed consolidated financial statements under the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Company's share of the incorporated-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post incorporation change in the Company's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's share of Epicon's net loss was \$12,916 and \$18,514, respectively, which was included in loss from equity method investment in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. In the three months ended March 31, 2022, activity recorded for the Company's equity method investment in Epicon is summarized in the following table:

Equity investment carrying amount at January 1, 2022	\$ 515,632
Epicon's net loss attributable to the Company	(12,916)
Foreign currency fluctuation	 1,278
Equity investment carrying amount at March 31, 2022	\$ 503,994

The tables below present the summarized financial information, as provided to the Company by the investee, for the unconsolidated company:

	 2022	 2021
Current assets	\$ 5,082	\$ 5,479
Noncurrent assets	202,271	216,864
Current liabilities	73,552	56,626
Noncurrent liabilities	-	-
Equity	133,801	165,717

For the Three Months

March 31,

		Ended March 31,		
	202	22	2021	
Net revenue	\$	- \$		
Gross profit		-	-	
Loss from operation		32,323	46,286	
Net loss		32,291	46,286	

NOTE 6 - ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND OTHER PAYABLES

At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, accrued liabilities and other payables consisted of the following:

December 31,

December 31,

	Mar	March 31, 2022		2021
Accrued tenants' improvement reimbursement	\$	43,500	\$	43,500
Tenants' security deposit		73,733		73,733
Accrued business expense reimbursement		39,698		68,172
Accounts payable		64,606		=
Accrued utilities		59,320		14,372
Advance from customer		19,245		-
Deferred rental income		49,430		8,638
Refundable deposit		149,871		=
Accrued equity offering costs		60,000		40,000
Others		97,427		26,905
Total	\$	656,830	\$	275,320

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Rental Revenue from Related Party and Rent Receivable - Related Party

The Company leases space of its commercial real property located in New Jersey to a company, which is controlled by Wenzhao Lu, the Company's largest shareholder and chairman of the Board of Directors. The term of the related party lease agreement is five years commencing on May 1, 2021 and will expire on April 30, 2026. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the related party rental revenue amounted to \$12,600, and has been included in real property rental on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. The related party rent receivable totaled \$46,200 and \$33,600, respectively, and no allowance for doubtful accounts was deemed to be required on rent receivable – related party at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Services Provided by Related Party

From time to time, Wilbert Tauzin, a director of the Company, and his son provide consulting services to the Company. As compensation for professional services provided, the Company recognized consulting expenses of \$51,138 and \$57,405 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which have been included in professional fees on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Accrued Liabilities and Other Payables - Related Parties

In 2017, the Company acquired Beijing Genexosome for a cash payment of \$450,000. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the unpaid acquisition consideration of \$100,000, was payable to Dr. Yu Zhou, former director and former co-chief executive officer and 40% owner of Genexosome, and has been included in accrued liabilities and other payables – related parties on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the accrued and unpaid interest related to borrowings from Wenzhao Lu, the Company's largest shareholder and chairman of the Board of Directors, amounted to \$408,120 and \$368,433, respectively, and have been included in accrued liabilities and other payables – related parties on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Borrowings from Related Party

Promissory Note

On March 18, 2019, the Company issued Wenzhao Lu, the Company's largest shareholder and Chairman of the Board of Directors, a Promissory Note in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 ("Promissory Note") in consideration of cash in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Promissory Note accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum and matures March 19, 2022. In March 2022, the Company and Wenzhao Lu entered into a Loan Extension and Modification Agreement (the "Extension") to extend the maturity date to March 19, 2024. The Company repaid principal of \$410,000 and \$200,000 in the third quarter of 2019 and second quarter of 2020, respectively. As of both March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding principal balance was \$390,000.

Line of Credit

On August 29, 2019, the Company entered into a Line of Credit Agreement (the "Line of Credit Agreement") providing the Company with a \$20 million line of credit (the "Line of Credit") from Wenzhao Lu (the "Lender"), the largest shareholder and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company. The Line of Credit allows the Company to request loans thereunder and to use the proceeds of such loans for working capital and operating expense purposes until the facility matures on December 31, 2024. The loans are unsecured and are not convertible into equity of the Company. Loans drawn under the Line of Credit bears interest at an annual rate of 5% and each individual loan will be payable three years from the date of issuance. The Company has a right to draw down on the line of credit and not at the discretion of the related party Lender. The Company may, at its option, prepay any borrowings under the Line of Credit, in whole or in part at any time prior to maturity, without premium or penalty. The Line of Credit Agreement includes customary events of default. If any such event of default occurs, the Lender may declare all outstanding loans under the Line of Credit to be due and payable immediately. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the interest expense related to above borrowings amounted to \$39,686 and \$45,149, respectively, and has been included in interest expense – related party on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the related accrued and unpaid interest for above borrowings was \$408,120 and \$368,433, respectively, and has been included in accrued liabilities and other payables – related parties on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

NOTE 8 - EQUITY

Common Shares Sold for Cash

On December 13, 2019, the Company entered into an Open Market Sale AgreementSM (the "Sales Agreement") with Jefferies LLC, as sales agent ("Jefferies"), pursuant to which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, through Jefferies, shares of its common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, Jefferies sold an aggregate of 170,640 shares of common stock at an average price of \$0.79 per share to investors and the Company recorded net proceeds of \$112,328, net of commission and other offering costs of \$23,239.

Options

The following table summarizes the shares of the Company's common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding at March 31, 2022:

		Options Outstan	nding		Options Exercisable		able
			Weighted Average	Weighted			Weighted
Range of		Number	Remaining	Average	Number		Average
Exercise		Outstanding at	Contractual Life	Exercise	Exercisable at		Exercise
Price		March 31, 2022	(Years)	Price	March 31, 2022		Price
\$ 0.50	- 0.82	2,460,000	4.84	\$ 0.56	2,116,667	\$	0.52
1.00	- 1.93	2,955,000	4.55	1.39	2,845,000		1.40
2.00	-2.80	2,740,000	1.52	2.17	2,740,000		2.17
	4.76	30,000	2.01	4.76	30,000		4.76
\$ 0.50	- 4.76	8,185,000	3.62	\$ 1.41	7,731,667	\$	1.44

Stock option activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 were as follows:

		Weighted
		Average
	Number of	Exercise
	Options	 Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2022	7,725,000	\$ 1.45
Granted	460,000	0.82
Expired/forfeited/exercised	-	-
Outstanding at March 31, 2022	8,185,000	\$ 1.41
Options exercisable at March 31, 2022	7,731,667	\$ 1.44
Options expected to vest	453,333	\$ 0.87

The aggregate intrinsic value of both stock options outstanding and stock options exercisable at March 31, 2022 was \$401,400.

The fair values of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2022 were estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: volatility of 117.46%, risk-free rate of 1.37% - 1.53%, annual dividend yield of 0%, and expected life of 5.00 years. The aggregate fair value of the options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$315,145.

The fair values of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2021 were estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: volatility of 128.42%, risk-free rate of 0.36%, annual dividend yield of 0% and expected life of 5.00 years. The aggregate fair value of the options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$419,020.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, stock-based compensation expense associated with stock options granted amounted to \$152,323 and \$202,505, of which, \$104,913 and \$139,507 was recorded as compensation and related benefits, \$36,138 and \$43,443 was recorded as professional fees, and \$11,272 and \$19,555 was recorded as research and development expenses, respectively.

NOTE 8 - EQUITY (continued)

Options (continued)

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested stock options granted as of March 31, 2022 and changes during the three months ended March 31, 2022 is presented below.

		Weighted
		Average
	Number of	Exercise
	Options	Price
Nonvested at January 1, 2022	205,834	\$ 1.04
Granted	460,000	0.82
Vested	(212,501)	(0.91)
Nonvested at March 31, 2022	453,333	\$ 0.87

NOTE 9 - STATUTORY RESERVE AND RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The Company's PRC subsidiaries, Avalon Shanghai and Beijing Genexosome, are restricted in their ability to transfer a portion of their net assets to the Company. The payment of dividends by entities organized in China is subject to limitations, procedures and formalities. Regulations in the PRC currently permit payment of dividends only out of accumulated profits as determined in accordance with accounting standards and regulations in China.

The Company is required to make appropriations to certain reserve funds, comprising the statutory surplus reserve and the discretionary surplus reserve, based on after-tax net income determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles of the PRC ("PRC GAAP"). Appropriations to the statutory surplus reserve are required to be at least 10% of the after-tax net income determined in accordance with PRC GAAP until the reserve is equal to 50% of the entity's registered capital. Appropriations to the discretionary surplus reserve are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The statutory reserve may be applied against prior year losses, if any, and may be used for general business expansion and production or increase in registered capital, but are not distributable as cash dividends. The Company did not make any appropriation to statutory reserve for Avalon Shanghai and Beijing Genexosome during the three months ended March 31, 2022 as they incurred net losses in the period. As of both March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the restricted amounts as determined pursuant to PRC statutory laws totaled \$6,578.

Relevant PRC laws and regulations restrict the Company's PRC subsidiaries, Avalon Shanghai and Beijing Genexosome, from transferring a portion of their net assets, equivalent to their statutory reserves and their share capital, to the Company's shareholders in the form of loans, advances or cash dividends. Only PRC entities' accumulated profits may be distributed as dividends to the Company's shareholders without the consent of a third party. As of both March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, total restricted net assets amounted to \$783,984.

NOTE 10 - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE PARENT COMPANY

Pursuant to the requirements of Rule 12-04(a), 5-04(c) and 4-08(e)(3) of Regulation S-X, the condensed financial information of the parent company shall be filed when the restricted net assets of consolidated subsidiary exceed 25 percent of consolidated net assets as of the end of the most recently completed fiscal year. For purposes of this test, restricted net assets of consolidated subsidiary shall mean that amount of the Company's proportionate share of net assets of consolidated subsidiary (after intercompany eliminations) which as of the end of the most recent fiscal year may not be transferred to the parent company by subsidiary in the form of loans, advances or cash dividends without the consent of a third party.

The Company performed a test on the restricted net assets of consolidated subsidiary in accordance with such requirement and concluded that it was not applicable to the Company as the restricted net assets of the Company's PRC subsidiaries did not exceed 25% of the consolidated net assets of the Company, therefore, the condensed financial statements for the parent company have not been required.

NOTE 11 – <u>CONCENTRATIONS</u>

Customers

The following table sets forth information as to each customer that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Three Months Ended

	March 31,		
Customer	2022	2021	
A	28%	30%	
В	18%	20%	
C	12%	13%	

Two customers, of which, one is a related party and the other is a third party, whose outstanding receivable accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total outstanding rent receivable and rent receivable – related party at March 31, 2022, accounted for 74.1% of the Company's total outstanding rent receivable and rent receivable – related party at March 31, 2022.

Two customers, of which, one is a related party and the other is a third party, whose outstanding receivable accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total outstanding rent receivable and rent receivable – related party at December 31, 2021, accounted for 80.6% of the Company's total outstanding rent receivable and rent receivable – related party at December 31, 2021.

Suppliers

No supplier accounted for 10% or more of the Company's purchase during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

One supplier, whose outstanding payable accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total outstanding accounts payable at March 31, 2022, accounted for 100.0% of the Company's total outstanding accounts payable at March 31, 2022.

NOTE 12 – <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company operated in two reportable business segments - (1) the real property operating segment, and (2) the medical related consulting services segment.

NOTE 12 - <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)</u>

The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different services and products. They are managed separately based on the fundamental differences in their operations. Information with respect to these reportable business segments for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

Three Months Ended

	March	n 31,
	2022	2021
Revenues		
Real property operations	\$ 297,631	\$ 289,774
Total	297,631	289,774
Costs and expenses		
Real property operations	218,448	216,894
Total	218,448	216,894
Gross profit		
Real property operations	79,183	72,880
Total	79,183	72,880
Other operating expenses		
Real property operations	107,053	101,423
Medical related consulting services	87,115	161,553
Corporate/Other	2,011,957	2,113,492
Total	2,206,125	2,376,468
Other (expense) income		
Interest expense		
Corporate/Other	(39,686)	(45,149)
Total	(39,686)	(45,149)
Other income (expense)		
Real property operations	4	104
Medical related consulting services	96,086	(18,486)
Corporate/Other	<u>-</u>	1
Total	96,090	(18,381)
Total other income (expense), net	56,404	(63,530)
Net (loss) income		
Real property operations	(27,866)	(28,439)
Medical related consulting services	8,971	(180,039)
Corporate/Other	(2,051,643)	(2,158,640)
Total	\$ (2,070,538)	\$ (2,367,118)
	March 31,	December 31,
Identifiable long-lived tangible assets at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	2022	2021
Real property operations	\$ 7,495,992	\$ 7,537,281
Medical related consulting services	644	742
Corporate/Other	311,169	352,294
Total	\$ 7,807,805	\$ 7,890,317
		December 31,
Identifiable long-lived tangible assets at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	2021
United States	\$ 7,537,372	\$ 7,583,880
China	270,433	306,437
Total	\$ 7,807,805	\$ 7,890,317
	Ψ 7,007,003	7,070,317

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

From time to time, the Company is subject to ordinary routine litigation incidental to its normal business operations. The Company is not currently a party to, and its property is not subject to, any material legal proceedings, except as set forth below.

On October 25, 2017, Genexosome entered into and closed a Stock Purchase Agreement with Beijing Genexosome and Yu Zhou, MD, PhD, the sole shareholder of Beijing Genexosome, pursuant to which Genexosome acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Beijing Genexosome in consideration of a cash payment in the amount of \$450,000, of which \$100,000 is still owed. Further, on October 25, 2017, Genexosome entered into and closed an Asset Purchase Agreement with Dr. Zhou, pursuant to which the Company acquired all assets, including all intellectual property and exosome separation systems, held by Dr. Zhou pertaining to the business of researching, developing and commercializing exosome technologies. In consideration of the assets, Genexosome paid Dr. Zhou \$876,087 in cash, transferred 500,000 shares of common stock of the Company to Dr. Zhou and issued Dr. Zhou 400 shares of common stock of Genexosome. Further, The Company had not been able to realize the financial projections provided by Dr. Zhou at the time of the acquisition and has decided to impair the intangible asset associated with this acquisition to zero. Dr. Zhou was terminated as Co-CEO of Genexosome on August 14, 2019. Further, on October 28, 2019, Research Institute at Nationwide Children's Hospital ("Research Institute") filed a Complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio Eastern Division against Dr. Zhou, Li Chen, the Company and Genexosome with various claims against the Company and Genexosome including misappropriation of trade secrets in violation of the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 and violation of Ohio Uniform Trade Secrets Act. Research Institute is seeking monetary damages, injunctive relief, exemplary damages, injunctive relief and other equitable relief. The Company intends to vigorously defend against this action and pursue all available legal remedies. The criminal proceedings against Dr. Zhou and Li Chen have been concluded and the civil litigation continue. The Company and Nationwide Child

Operating Leases Commitment

The Company is a party to leases for office space. Rent expense under all operating leases amounted to approximately \$36,000 and \$39,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Supplemental cash flow information related to leases for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Three Months Ended

	 March 31,			
	 2022		2021	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:				
Operating cash flows paid for operating lease	\$ 35,759	\$	29,590	
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligation:				
Operating lease	\$ -	\$	133,201	

The following table summarizes the lease term and discount rate for the Company's operating lease as of March 31, 2022:

Operating

	Lease
Weighted average remaining lease term (in years)	0.83
Weighted average discount rate	4.88%

The following table summarizes the maturity of lease liabilities under operating lease as of March 31, 2022:

Operating

For the Twelve-month Period Ending March 31:	 Lease
2023	\$ 125,271
2024 and thereafter	-
Total lease payments	125,271
Amount of lease payments representing interest	(2,048)
Total present value of operating lease liabilities	\$ 123,223
Current portion	\$ 123,223

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINCENCIES (continued)

Equity Investment Commitment

On May 29, 2018, Avalon Shanghai entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with Jiangsu Unicorn Biological Technology Co., Ltd. ("Unicorn"), pursuant to which a company named Epicon Biotech Co., Ltd. ("Epicon") was formed on August 14, 2018. Epicon is owned 60% by Unicorn and 40% by Avalon Shanghai. Within five years of execution of the Joint Venture Agreement, Unicorn shall invest cash into Epicon in an amount not less than RMB 8,000,000 (approximately \$1.3 million) and the premises of the laboratories of Nanjing Hospital of Chinese Medicine for exclusive use by Epicon, and Avalon Shanghai shall invest cash into Epicon in an amount not less than RMB 10,000,000 (approximately \$1.6 million). Epicon is focused on cell preparation, third party testing, biological sample repository for commercial and scientific research purposes and the clinical transformation of scientific achievements. As of March 31, 2022, Avalon Shanghai has contributed RMB 4,760,000 (approximately \$0.8 million) that was included in equity method investment on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company intends to use its present working capital together with borrowings from related party and equity raises to fund the project cost.

Joint Venture - Avactis Biosciences Inc.

On July 18, 2018, the Company formed Avactis Biosciences Inc. ("Avactis"), a Nevada corporation, as a wholly owned subsidiary. On October 23, 2018, Avactis and Arbele Limited ("Arbele") agreed to the establishment of AVAR BioTherapeutics (China) Co. Ltd. ("AVAR"), a Sino-foreign equity joint venture, pursuant to an Equity Joint Venture Agreement (the "AVAR Agreement"), which was to be owned 60% by Avactis and 40% by Arbele. On April 6, 2022, the Company, Acactis, Arbele and Arbele Biotherapeutics Limited ("Arbele Biotherapeutics"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Arbele, entered into an Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Joint Venture Agreement pursuant to which Arbele Biotherapeutics acquired 40% of Avactis for the purpose of the Company and Arbele establishing a joint venture in the United States and the parties agreed that they would no longer pursue AVAR as a joint venture. Further, all rights and obligations under the AVAR Agreement were assigned by Avactis to Avalon and by Arbele to Arbele Biotherapeutics. Avactis established Avactis Nanjing Biosciences Ltd., a wholly owned foreign entity in the PRC. Further, the parties agreed that the Exclusive Patent License Agreement dated January 3, 2019 entered between Arbele, as licensor, and AVAR, as licensee (the "Arbele License Agreement"), was assigned to Avactis and Avalon and Arbele agreed to enter into a new Arbele License Agreement with Avactis on the same/similar terms as the Arbele License Agreement. Further, Dr. Anthony Chan was appointed to the Board of Directors of Avactis and as the Chief Scientific Officer of Avactis. Avactis purpose and business scope is to research, research, develop, produce, sell, distribute and generally commercialize CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy globally including in the PRC. The Company is required to contribute \$10 million (or equivalent in RMB) in cash and/or services, which shall be contributed in tranches based on milestones to be determined jointly by Avactis and the Company in writing subject to the Company's cash reserves. Within 30 days, Arbele Biotherapeutics shall make contribution of \$6.66 million in the form of entering into a License Agreement with Avactis granting Avactis with an exclusive right and license in China to its technology and intellectual property pertaining to CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy technology and any additional technology developed in the future with terms and conditions to be mutually agreed upon the Company and Avactis and services. As of the date hereof, the License Agreement has not been finalized. In addition, the Company is responsible for:

- Contributing registered capital of RMB 5,000,000 (approximately \$0.8 million) for working capital purposes as required by local regulation, which is not required to be contributed immediately and will be contributed subject to the Company's discretion;
- assist Avactis in setting up its business operations and obtaining all required permits and licenses from the Chinese government;
- assisting Avactis in recruiting, hiring and retaining personnel;
- providing Avactis with access to various hospital networks in China to assist in the testing and commercialization of the CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy technology in China;
- assisting Avactis in managing the Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) facility and clinic to be developed by Avactis;
- providing Avactis with advice pertaining to conducting clinicals in China; and
- Within 6 days of signing the AVAR Agreement, the Company is required to pay to Arbele Biotherapeutics \$300,000 as a research and development fee with an additional two payments of \$300,000 (for a total of \$900,000) to be paid upon mutually agreed upon milestones.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINCENCIES (continued)

Joint Venture - Avactis Biosciences Inc. (continued)

Under AVAR Agreement, as amended, Arbele Biotherapeutics shall be responsible for the following:

- Entering into a License Agreement with Avactis; and
- Providing Avactis with research and development expertise pertaining to clinical laboratory medicine when hired by Avactis.

As of both March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company paid the \$900,000 to Arbele Biotherapeutics as research and development fee. As of March 31, 2022, License Agreement has not been finalized.

Line of Credit Agreement

On August 29, 2019, the Company entered into a Line of Credit Agreement (the "Line of Credit Agreement") providing the Company with a \$20 million line of credit (the "Line of Credit") from Wenzhao Lu (the "Lender"), a significant shareholder and director of the Company. The Line of Credit allows the Company to request loans thereunder and to use the proceeds of such loans for working capital and operating expense purposes until the facility matures on December 31, 2024. The loans are unsecured and are not convertible into equity of the Company. Loans drawn under the Line of Credit bears interest at an annual rate of 5% and each individual loan will be payable three years from the date of issuance. The Company has a right to draw down on the line of credit and not at the discretion of the related party Lender. The Company may, at its option, prepay any borrowings under the Line of Credit, in whole or in part at any time prior to maturity, without premium or penalty. The Line of Credit Agreement includes customary events of default. If any such event of default occurs, the Lender may declare all outstanding loans under the Line of Credit to be due and payable immediately. As of March 31, 2022, \$2,850,262 was outstanding under the Line of Credit.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the financial statements were issued. Based upon this review, other than as described below, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

2022 Convertible Note

On March 28, 2022, the Company entered into Securities Purchase Agreement with an accredited investor providing for the sale by the Company to the investor of a Convertible Note in the amount of \$4,000,000 (the "2022 Convertible Note"). In addition to the 2022 Convertible Note, the investor will also receive a Stock Purchase Warrant (the "2022 Warrant") to acquire an aggregate of 1,333,333 shares of common stock. The 2022 Warrants will be exercisable for five years at an exercise price of \$1.25. The financing closed with respect to \$2,669,521.60 of the financing on April 15, 2022 and with respect to \$659,580.64 of the financing on April 29, 2022. The Company and the investor expect to close on the balance of the \$4,000,000 in funding no later than May 15, 2022. As a result of the first closing, the Company issued the investor a 2022 Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$2,669,521.60 and a 2022 Warrant to acquire 889,840 shares of common stock and as a result of the second closing, the Company issued the investor a 2022 Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$659,580.64 and a 2022 Warrant to acquire 219,860 shares of common stock.

The 2022 Convertible Note bears interest at 1% per annum payable at maturity and matures ten years from issuance. The investor may elect to convert all or part of the 2022 Convertible Note, plus accrued interest, at any time into shares of common stock of the Company at a conversion price equal to 95% of the average of the highest three trading prices for the common stock during the 20-trading day period ending one trading day prior to the conversion date but in no event will the conversion price be lower than \$0.75 per share.

The investor agreed to restrict its ability to convert the 2022 Convertible Note and exercise the 2022 Warrants and receive shares of common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by the investor after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.99% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Further, the investor agreed to not sell or transfer any or all of the shares of common stock underlying the 2022 Convertible Note or the 2022 Warrant for a period of 90 days beginning on the closing date (the "Lock-Up Period"). Following the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, the investor has agreed to limit its sale or transfer of such shares of common stock to a maximum monthly amount equal to 20% of the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the 2022 Convertible Note. The Company agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to file a registration statement on Form S-3 (or other appropriate form) providing for the resale by the investor of the shares of common stock underlying the 2022 Convertible Note and the 2022 Warrant.

Common Shares Issued for Services

In April 2022, the Company issued a total of 329,592 shares of its common stock for services rendered and to be rendered. These shares were valued at \$290,950, the fair market values on the grant dates using the reported closing share prices on the dates of grant, and the Company reduced accrued liabilities of \$251,590 and recorded prepaid expense of \$39,360 which will be amortized over the rest of corresponding service periods.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes to those condensed consolidated financial statements that are included elsewhere in this report. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth under the Risk Factors, Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Business sections in our Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022. We use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "continuing," "ongoing," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "should," "could," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements.

Impact of COVID-19 on Our Operations, Financial Condition, Liquidity and Results of Operations

Although the COVID-19 vaccines have generally been introduced to the public, the ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our operations is unknown and will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the duration of the COVID-19 outbreak, new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, a significant increase in new and variant strains of COVID-19 cases, availability and effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines and therapeutics, the level of acceptance of the vaccine by the general population and any additional preventative and protective actions that governments, or us, may determine are needed.

The occurrence of COVID-19 pandemic had negative impact on our operations. Some of the universities and laboratories with which we collaborate were temporarily closed. Our general development operations have continued during the COVID-19 pandemic and we have not had significant disruption. However, we are uncertain if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future operations at our laboratory, or our ability to collaborate with other laboratories and universities. In addition, we are unsure if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future clinical trials. Given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration of business disruption and reduced traffic, the related financial effect cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but is expected to adversely impact the Company's business for the rest of 2022.

We have limited cash available to fund planned operations and although we have other sources of capital described below under "Liquidity and Capital Resources," management continues to pursue various financing alternatives to fund our operations so we can continue as a going concern. However, the COVID-19 pandemic has created significant economic uncertainty and volatility in the credit and capital markets. Management plans to secure the necessary financing through the issue of new equity and/or the entering into of strategic partnership arrangements but the ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our ability to raise additional capital is unknown and will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the duration of the COVID-19 outbreak and new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic. We may not be able to raise sufficient additional capital and may tailor our operations based on the amount of funding we are able to raise in the future. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful. Further, there is no assurance that capital available to us in any future financing will be on acceptable terms.

Overview

The Company is a clinical-stage, vertically integrated, leading CellTech bio-developer dedicated to advancing and empowering innovative, transformative immune effector cell therapy, exosome technology, as well as COVID-19 related diagnostics and therapeutics. The Company also provides strategic advisory and outsourcing services to facilitate and enhance its clients' growth and development, as well as competitiveness in healthcare and CellTech industry markets. Through its subsidiary structure with unique integration of verticals from innovative R&D to automated bioproduction and accelerated clinical development, the Company is establishing a leading role in the fields of cellular immunotherapy (including CAR-T/NK), exosome technology (ACTEXTM), and COVID-19 related vaccine and therapeutics.

Avalon achieves and fosters seamless integration of unique verticals to bridge and accelerate innovative research, bio-process development, clinical programs and product commercialization. Avalon's upstream innovative research includes:

• Development of Avalon Clinical-grade Tissue-specific Exosome ("ACTEXTM")

- Novel therapeutic and diagnostic targets development utilizing QTY-code protein design technology with Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) including using
 the QTY code protein design technology for development of a hemofiltration device to treat Cytokine Storm.
- Co-development of next generation, transposon-based, multi-target CAR-T, CAR-NK and other immune effector cell therapeutic modalities with Arbele Limited.
- Strategic partnership with the University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences (BOKU) in Vienna, Austria to develop an S-layer vaccine that can be administered by an intranasal or oral route against SARS-CoV-2, the novel coronavirus that causes COVID-19 disease.

Avalon's midstream bio-processing and bio-production facility is located in Nanjing, China with state-of-the-art, automated GMP and QC/QA infrastructure for standardized bio-manufacturing of clinical-grade cellular products involved in our clinical programs in immune effector cell therapy, regenerative therapeutics, as well as bio-banking.

Avalon's downstream medical team and facility consists of top-rated affiliated hospital network and experts specialized in hematology, oncology, cellular immunotherapy, hematopoietic stem/progenitor cell transplant, as well as regenerative therapeutics. Our major clinical programs include:

- AVA-001: Avalon has initiated its first-in-human clinical trial of CD19 CAR-T candidate, AVA-001 in August 2019 at the Hebei Yanda Lu Daopei Hospital and Beijing Lu Daopei Hospital in China (the world's single largest CAR-T treatment network with over 600 patients being treated with CAR-T) for the indication of relapsed/refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia and non-Hodgkin Lymphoma. The AVA-001 candidate (co-developed with China Immunotech Co. Ltd) is characterized by the utilization of 4-1BB (CD137) co-stimulatory signaling pathway, conferring a strong anti-cancer activity during pre-clinical study. It also features a shorter bio-manufacturing time which leads to the advantage of prompt treatment to patients where timing is important related hematologic malignancies. Avalon has successfully completed the first-in-human clinical trial of its AVA-001 anti-CD19 CAR-T cell therapy as a bridge to allogeneic bone marrow transplantation for patients with relapsed/refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia at the Lu Daopei Hospital (registered clinical trial number NCT03952923) with excellent efficacy (90% complete remission rate) and minimal adverse side effects. Avalon is currently expanding the patient recruitment for AVA-001 to include relapsed/refractory non-Hodgkin lymphoma patients.
- AVA-011 and FLASH-CAR™: The Company advanced its next generation immune cell therapy using RNA-based, non-viral FLASH-CAR™ technology codeveloped with the Company's strategic partner Arbele Limited. The adaptable FLASH-CAR™ platform can be used to create personalized cell therapy from a patient's own cells, as well as off-the-shelf cell therapy from a universal donor. Our leading candidate, AVA-011, is currently at process development stage to generate clinical-grade cell-therapy products for subsequent clinical studies. On July 8, 2021, the Company and the University of Pittsburgh of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education (the "University") entered into a Corporate Research Agreement (the "University Agreement"). Pursuant to the University Agreement, for a term of two years the University agreed to use its reasonable efforts to perform academic research funded by the Company in connection with the development of point-of-care modular autonomous processing system to generate clinical-grade AVA-011, a RNA-based chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cell therapy candidate (the "Project") subject to the appointment of Dr. Yen Michael S. Hsu as Principal Investigator. During the term, the Company agreed to make eight payments of \$125,000 to the University. As of March 31, 2022, the Company did not make any payment. The Company and the University shall each own an undivided, one half interest in any intellectual property rights jointly developed by both parties. The Company has been granted a worldwide, irrevocable, non-exclusive, royalty free, fully paid-up, perpetual right to use intellectual property developed by the University in connection with the Project for commercial purposes research activities and other purposes. Further, the Company will have an exclusive right of first offer to an exclusive royalty-bearing license to intellectual property developed by the University or co-developed by the Company and the University in connection with the Project.
- ACTEXTM: Stem cell-derived Avalon Clinical-grade Tissue-specific Exosomes (ACTEXTM) is one of the core technology platforms that has been co-developed by Avalon GloboCare and the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center. The Company formed a strategic partnership with HydroPeptide, LLC, a leading epigenetics skin care company, to engage in co-development and commercialization of a series of clinical-grade, exosome-based cosmeccutical and orthopedic products. As part of this agreement, the Company signed a three-way Material Transfer Agreement between Avalon GloboCare, HydroPeptide and the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center.

AVA-Trap™: Avalon's AVA-Trap™ therapeutic program plans to enter animal model testing followed by expedited clinical studies with the goal of providing an
effective therapeutic option to combat COVID-19 and other life-threatening conditions involving cytokine storms. The Company initiated a sponsored research and codevelopment project with Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) led by Professor Shuguang Zhang as Principal Investigator in May 2019. Using the unique
QTY code protein design platform, six water-soluble variant cytokine receptors have been successfully designed and tested to show binding affinity to the respective
cytokines.

Going Concern

The Company is a clinical-stage, vertically integrated, leading CellTech bio-developer dedicated to advancing and empowering innovative, transformative immune effector cell therapy, exosome technology, as well as COVID-19 related diagnostics and therapeutics. The Company also provides strategic advisory and outsourcing services to facilitate and enhance its clients' growth and development, as well as competitiveness in healthcare and CellTech industry markets. Through its subsidiary structure with unique integration of verticals from innovative R&D to automated bioproduction and accelerated clinical development, the Company is establishing a leading role in the fields of cellular immunotherapy (including CAR-T/NK), exosome technology (ACTEXTM), and COVID-19 related vaccine and therapeutics.

In addition, the Company owns commercial real estate that houses its headquarters in Freehold, New Jersey and provides outsourced and customized international healthcare services to the rapidly changing health care industry primarily focused in the People's Republic of China. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates, among other things, the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$4,234,370 as of March 31, 2022 and has incurred recurring net losses and generated negative cash flow from operating activities of \$2,070,538 and \$511,208 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, respectively. The Company has a limited operating history and its continued growth is dependent upon the continuation of providing medical related consulting services to its only few clients who are related parties and generating rental revenue from its income-producing real estate property in New Jersey; hence generating revenues, and obtaining additional financing to fund future obligations and pay liabilities arising from normal business operations. In addition, the current cash balance cannot be projected to cover the operating expenses for the next twelve months from the release date of this report. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional capital, implement its business plan, and generate significant revenues. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in its efforts to generate significant revenues, maintain sufficient cash balance or report profitable operations or to continue as a going concern. The Company plans on raising capital through the sale of equity to implement its business plan. However, there is no assurance these plans will be realized and that any additional financings will be available to the Company on satisfactory terms and conditions, if any.

The occurrence of an uncontrollable event such as the COVID-19 pandemic had negatively impact on the Company's operations. Our general development operations have continued during the COVID-19 pandemic and we have not had significant disruption. However, we are uncertain if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future operations at our laboratory, or our ability to collaborate with other laboratories and universities. In addition, we are unsure if the COVID-19 pandemic will impact future clinical trials. Given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration of business disruption and reduced traffic, the related financial effect cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but is expected to adversely impact the Company's business for the rest of 2022.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability or classification of asset-carrying amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Critical Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We continually evaluate our estimates, including those related to the useful life of property and equipment and investment in real estate, assumptions used in assessing impairment of long-term assets, valuation of deferred tax assets and the associated valuation allowances, and valuation of stock-based compensation.

We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Any future changes to these estimates and assumptions could cause a material change to our reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). The core principle of the revenue standard is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The following five steps are applied to achieve that core principle:

- Step 1: Identify the contract with the customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation

In order to identify the performance obligations in a contract with a customer, a company must assess the promised goods or services in the contract and identify each promised goods or service that is distinct. A performance obligation meets ASC 606's definition of a "distinct" goods or service (or bundle of goods or services) if both of the following criteria are met:

- The customer can benefit from the goods or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e., the goods or service is capable of being distinct).
- The entity's promise to transfer the goods or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e., the promise to transfer the goods or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

If a goods or service is not distinct, the goods or service is combined with other promised goods or services until a bundle of goods or services is identified that is distinct.

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, some sales taxes). The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts, or both. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

The transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation on a relative standalone selling price basis. The transaction price allocated to each performance obligation is recognized when that performance obligation is satisfied, at a point in time or over time as appropriate.

The Company's revenues are derived from providing medial related consulting services for its' related parties. Revenues related to its service offerings are recognized at a point in time when service is rendered. Any payments received in advance of the performance of services are recorded as deferred revenue until such time as the services are performed.

We have determined that the ASC 606 does not apply to rental contracts, which are within the scope of other revenue recognition accounting standards.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis under the guidance of ASC 842. Lease payments under tenant leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related leases. The cumulative difference between lease revenue recognized under the straight-line method and contractual lease payments are included in rent receivable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

We do not offer promotional payments, customer coupons, rebates or other cash redemption offers to our customers.

Income Taxes

We are governed by the income tax laws of China and the United States. Income taxes are accounted for pursuant to ASC 740 "Accounting for Income Taxes," which is an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. The charge for taxes is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probably that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is changed to equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and we intend to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Recent Accounting Standards

For details of applicable new accounting standards, please, refer to Recent Accounting Standards in Note 3 of our condensed consolidated financial statements accompanying this report.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021

Revenues

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, we had real property rental revenue of \$297,631, as compared to \$289,774 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, an increase of \$7,857, or 2.7%. The slight increase was primarily attributable to the increase of tenants in the first quarter of 2021. We expect that our revenue from real property rent will remain in its current level with minimal increase in the near future.

Costs and Expenses

Real property operating expenses consist of property management fees, property insurance, real estate taxes, depreciation, repairs and maintenance fees, utilities and other expenses related to our rental properties.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, our real property operating expenses amounted to \$218,448, as compared to \$216,894 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, an increase of \$1.554, or 0.7%.

Real Property Operating Income

Our real property operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$79,183, representing an increase of \$6,303, or 8.6%, as compared to \$72,880 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in real property rental revenue as described above. We expect our real property operating income will remain in its current level with minimal increase in the near future.

Other Operating Expenses

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, other operating expenses consisted of the following:

Three Months Ended

	 March 31,		
	 2022		2021
Advertising and marketing expenses	\$ 526,806	\$	8,823
Professional fees	821,308		1,381,178
Compensation and related benefits	523,045		562,006
Research and development	116,684		213,188
Travel and entertainment	38,280		32,150
Directors and officers liability insurance premium	103,584		81,141
Rent and related utilities	20,556		22,627
Other general and administrative	 55,862		75,355
	\$ 2,206,125	\$	2,376,468

- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, advertising and marketing expenses increased by \$517,983 or 5,870.8% as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase was primarily due to increased advertising activities. We expect that our advertising expenses will decrease in the near future.
- Professional fees primarily consisted of accounting fees, audit fees, legal service fees, consulting fees, investor relations service charges and other fees. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, professional fees decreased by \$559,870, or 40.5%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in consulting fees of approximately \$476,000 mainly due to the decrease in use of consulting service providers, a decrease in legal service fees of approximately \$111,000 mainly due to the decrease in use of legal service providers, and a decrease in valuation service fee of \$90,000, offset by an increase in investor relations service fees of approximately \$107,000 mainly due to the increase in use of investor relations service providers, and an increase in other miscellaneous items of approximately \$10,000. We expect that our professional fees will remain in its current level with minimal increase in the near future.
- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, compensation and related benefits decreased by \$38,961, or 6.9%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in stock-based compensation of approximately \$35,000 which reflected the value of options granted and vested to our management and a decrease in management's compensation and related benefits of approximately \$4,000. We expect that our compensation and related benefits will remain in its current level with minimal decrease in the near future.
- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, research and development expenses decreased by \$96,504, or 45.3%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease was mainly attributable to we decreased research and development projects in the first quarter of 2022. We expect that our research and development expenses will continue to decrease in the near future.
- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, travel and entertainment expense increased by \$6,130, or 19.1%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase was mainly due to increased business travel activities in the first quarter of 2022.
- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, Directors and Officers Liability Insurance premium increased by \$22,443, or 27.7%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase was mainly due to different insurance provider with different premium.
- For the three months ended March 31, 2022, rent and related utilities expenses decreased by \$2,071, or 9.2%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease was mainly due to the decreased monthly rent in Avalon Shanghai's office.
- Other general and administrative expenses mainly consisted of NASDAQ listing fee, office supplies, and other miscellaneous items. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, other general and administrative expenses decreased by \$19,493, or 25.9%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, reflecting our efforts at stricter controls on corporate expenditure.

Loss from Operations

As a result of the foregoing, for the three months ended March 31, 2022, loss from operations amounted to \$2,126,942, as compared to \$2,303,588 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, a decrease of \$176,646 or 7.7%.

Other (Expense) Income

Other (expense) income mainly includes interest expense, loss from equity method investment, and other miscellaneous income.

Other income, net, totaled \$56,404 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, as compared to other expense, net, of \$63,530 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, a change of \$119,934, or 188.8%, which was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense of approximately \$5,000, and a decrease in loss from equity method investment of approximately \$6,000, and an increase in other miscellaneous income of approximately \$109,000.

Income Taxes

We did not have any income taxes expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 since we incurred losses in these periods.

Net Loss

As a result of the factors described above, our net loss was \$2,070,538 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, as compared to \$2,367,118 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, a decrease of \$296,580 or 12.5%.

Net Loss Attributable to Avalon GloboCare Corp. Common Shareholders

The net loss attributable to Avalon GloboCare Corp. common shareholders was \$2,070,538 or \$0.02 per share (basic and diluted) for the three months ended March 31, 2022, as compared with \$2,367,118, or \$0.03 per share (basic and diluted) for the three months ended March 31, 2021, a change of \$296,580 or 12.5%.

Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment

Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. The functional currency of our parent company, AHS, Avalon RT 9, Genexosome, Avactis, and Exosome, is the U.S. dollar and the functional currency of Avalon Shanghai and Beijing Genexosome is the Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). The financial statements of our subsidiaries whose functional currency is the RMB are translated to U.S. dollars using period end rates of exchange for assets and liabilities, average rate of exchange for revenues, costs, and expenses and cash flows, and at historical exchange rates for equity. Net gains and losses resulting from foreign exchange transactions are included in the results of operations. As a result of foreign currency translations, which are a non-cash adjustment, we reported a foreign currency translation gain of \$2,021 and a foreign currency translation loss of \$2,722 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This non-cash gain/loss had the effect of decreasing/increasing our reported comprehensive loss.

Comprehensive Loss

As a result of our foreign currency translation adjustment, we had comprehensive loss of \$2,068,517 and \$2,369,840 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has a limited operating history and its continued growth is dependent upon the continuation of providing medical related consulting services to its only few clients who are related parties and generating rental revenue from its income-producing real estate property in New Jersey; hence generating revenues, and obtaining additional financing to fund future obligations and pay liabilities arising from normal business operations. In addition, the current cash balance cannot be projected to cover the operating expenses for the next twelve months from the release date of this report. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional capital, implement its business plan, and generate significant revenues. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in its efforts to generate significant revenues, maintain sufficient cash balance or report profitable operations or to continue as a going concern. The Company plans on raising capital through the sale of equity to implement its business plan. However, there is no assurance these plans will be realized and that any additional financings will be available to the Company on satisfactory terms and conditions, if any.

The occurrence of an uncontrollable event such as the COVID-19 pandemic is likely to negatively affect the Company's operations. Efforts to contain the spread of the coronavirus have intensified, including social distancing, travel bans and quarantine, and these are likely to negatively impact our tenants, employees and consultants. These, in turn, will not only impact our operations, financial condition and demand for our medical related consulting services but our overall ability to react timely to mitigate the impact of this event. Given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration of business disruption and reduced traffic, the related financial effect cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but is expected to adversely impact our business for the rest of 2022.

Liquidity is the ability of a company to generate funds to support its current and future operations, satisfy its obligations and otherwise operate on an ongoing basis. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we had cash balance of approximately \$526,000 and \$808,000, respectively. These funds are kept in financial institutions located as follows:

Country:	March 31, 2022				December 31,2021			
United States	\$	398,459	75.7%	\$	767,605	95.1%		
China		127,831	24.3%		39,933	4.9%		
Total cash	\$	526,290	100.0%	\$	807,538	100.0%		

Under applicable PRC regulations, foreign invested enterprises, or FIEs, in China may pay dividends only out of their accumulated profits, if any, determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. In addition, a foreign invested enterprise in China is required to set aside at least 10% of its after-tax profit based on PRC accounting standards each year to its general reserves until the cumulative amount of such reserves reach 50% of its registered capital. These reserves are not distributable as cash dividends.

In addition, a portion of our businesses and assets are denominated in RMB, which is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions take place either through the People's Bank of China or other banks authorized to buy and sell foreign currencies at the exchange rates quoted by the People's Bank of China. Approval of foreign currency payments by the People's Bank of China or other regulatory institutions requires submitting a payment application form together with suppliers' invoices, shipping documents and signed contracts. These currency exchange control procedures imposed by the PRC government authorities may restrict the ability of our PRC subsidiary to transfer its net assets to the Parent Company through loans, advances or cash dividends.

The current PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") Law and its implementing rules generally provide that a 10% withholding tax applies to China-sourced income derived by non-resident enterprises for PRC enterprise income tax purposes unless the jurisdiction of incorporation of such enterprises' shareholder has a tax treaty with China that provides for a different withholding arrangement.

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in our working capital from December 31, 2021 to March 31, 2022:

		March 31,		December 31,		Changes in			
	2022			2021		Amount	Percentage		
Working capital deficit:									
Total current assets	\$	913,516	\$	1,323,042	\$	(409,526)	(31.0)%		
Total current liabilities		5,147,886		4,401,658		746,228	17.0%		
Working capital deficit	\$	(4,234,370)	\$	(3,078,616)	\$	(1,155,754)	37.5%		

Our working capital deficit increased by \$1,155,754 to \$4,234,370 at March 31, 2022 from \$3,078,616 at December 31, 2021. The increase in working capital deficit was primarily attributable to a decrease in cash of approximately \$281,000, a decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets of approximately \$152,000, an increase in accrued professional fees of approximately \$686,000, an increase in accrued payroll liability and directors' compensation of approximately \$173,000, and an increase in accrued liabilities and other payables of approximately \$382,000, offset by a decrease in accrued research and development fees of approximately \$116,000 and a decrease in note payable – related party of \$390,000 resulting from the reclassification of note payable – related party from current to non-current.

Because the exchange rate conversion is different for the condensed consolidated balance sheets and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, the changes in assets and liabilities reflected on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows are not necessarily identical with the comparable changes reflected on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

The following summarizes the key components of our cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

Three Months Ended

	 Marc	131,		
	 2022		2021	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (511,208)	\$	(1,515,525)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,749)		(30,844)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	231,500		2,512,212	
Effect of exchange rate on cash	209		120	
Net (decrease) increase in cash	\$ (281,248)	\$	965,963	

Net cash flow used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$511,208, which primarily reflected our consolidated net loss of approximately \$2,071,000, and the changes in operating assets and liabilities, primarily consisting of a decrease in operating lease obligation of approximately \$34,000, offset by a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets of approximately \$30,000, an increase accrued liabilities and other payables of approximately \$794,000, and an increase in accrued liabilities and other payables – related parties of approximately \$40,000, and the non-cash items adjustment primarily consisting of depreciation of approximately \$85,000, amortization of right-of-use asset of approximately \$34,000, and stock-based compensation and service expense of approximately \$606,000.

Net cash flow used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$1,515,525, which primarily reflected our consolidated net loss of approximately \$2,367,000, and the changes in operating assets and liabilities, primarily consisting of an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of approximately \$41,000, and a decrease in operating lease obligation of approximately \$33,000, offset by an increase in accrued liabilities and other payables of approximately \$163,000, an increase in accrued liabilities and other payables – related parties of approximately \$45,000, and the non-cash items adjustment primarily consisting of depreciation of approximately \$79,000, and stock-based compensation and service expense of approximately \$574,000.

We expect our cash used in operating activities to increase due to the following:

- the development and commercialization of new products;
- · an increase in professional staff and services; and
- an increase in public relations and/or sales promotions for existing and/or new brands as we expand within existing markets or enter new markets.

Net cash flow used in investing activities was \$1,749 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to \$30,844 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we made payments for purchase of property and equipment of approximately \$2,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we made additional investment in equity method investment of approximately \$31,000.

Net cash flow provided by financing activities was \$231,500 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to \$2,512,212 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we received proceeds from related party borrowings of approximately \$100,000 and net proceeds from equity offering of approximately \$132,000 (net of cash paid for commission of approximately \$4,000). During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we received proceeds from related party borrowings of approximately \$105,000 and net proceeds from equity offering of approximately \$2,407,000 (net of cash paid for commission of approximately \$74,000).

Our capital requirements for the next twelve months primarily relate to working capital requirements, including salaries, fees related to third parties' professional services, reduction of accrued liabilities, mergers, acquisitions and the development of business opportunities. These uses of cash will depend on numerous factors including our sales and other revenues, and our ability to control costs. All funds received have been expended in the furtherance of growing the business. The following trends are reasonably likely to result in a material decrease in our liquidity over the near to long term:

- an increase in working capital requirements to finance our current business, including ongoing research and development programs, clinical studies, as well as commercial strategies;
- the use of capital for mergers, acquisitions and the development of business opportunities;
- addition of administrative personnel as the business grows; and
- the cost of being a public company.

In the third quarter of 2019, we had secured a \$20 million credit facility (Line of Credit) provided by our Chairman, Wenzhao Lu. The unsecured credit facility bears interest at a rate of 5% and provides for maturity on drawn loans 36 months after funding. As of March 31, 2022, the total principal amount outstanding under the Credit Line was \$2.9 million and we have approximately \$14.1 million remaining available under the Line Credit.

On December 13, 2019, we entered into an Open Market Sale AgreementSM (the "Sales Agreement") with Jefferies LLC, as sales agent ("Jefferies"), pursuant to which we may offer and sell, from time to time, through Jefferies, shares of our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$20.0 million. On April 6, 2020, the date on which we filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, our registration statement became subject to the offering limits set forth in General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3. As of April 6, 2020, the aggregate market value of our outstanding common stock held by non-affiliates, or public float, was \$39,564,237, based on 23,691,160 shares of our outstanding common stock that were held by non-affiliates on such date and a price of \$1.67 per share, which was the price at which our common stock was last sold on The Nasdaq Capital Market on February 19, 2020 (a date within 60 days of the date hereof), calculated in accordance with General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3. We have not offered any securities pursuant to General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3 in the 12 calendar months preceding the date of this prospectus supplement. We filed a prospectus supplement to amend and supplement the information in our prospectus and original prospectus supplement based on the amount of securities that we are eligible to sell under General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3. After giving effect to the \$13,000,000 offering limit imposed by General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3, we may offer and sell additional shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$13,000,000 from time to time through Jefferies with an aggregate offering price of \$10,073,707 and we have approximately \$4.9 million offering price remaining available under the Sales Agreement.

We estimate that based on current plans and assumptions, that our available cash will be insufficient to satisfy our cash requirements under our present operating expectations through cash available under our Credit Line and sales of equity through our Sales Agreement. Other than funds received from the sale of our equity and advances from our related party, and cash resource generating from our operations, we presently have no other significant alternative source of working capital. We have used these funds to fund our operating expenses, pay our obligations and grow our company. We will need to raise significant additional capital to fund our operations and to provide working capital for our ongoing operations and obligations. Therefore, our future operation is dependent on our ability to secure additional financing. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and a downturn in the U.S. equity and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Furthermore, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. The inability to obtain additional capital may restrict our ability to grow and may reduce our ability to continue to conduct business operations. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we will be required to cease our operations. To date, we have not considered this alternative, nor do we view it as a likely occurrence.

Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Contractual Obligations

We have certain fixed contractual obligations and commitments that include future estimated payments. Changes in our business needs, cancellation provisions, and other factors may result in actual payments differing from the estimates. We cannot provide certainty regarding the timing and amounts of payments. We have presented below a summary of the most significant assumptions used in our determination of amounts presented in the tables, in order to assist in the review of this information within the context of our consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. The following tables summarize our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2022, and the effect these obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flows in future periods.

Payments	Dua	hx	Dariod

			Less than I						
Total		year		1-3 years		3-5 years			5 ⁺ years
\$	132,110	\$	132,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	100,000		100,000		-		-		-
	3,240,262		-		3,240,262		-		-
	408,120		408,120		-		-		-
	826,498		275,499		550,999		-		-
	10,788,644		=		5,788,644		5,000,000		=
\$	15,495,634	\$	915,729	\$	9,579,905	\$	5,000,000	\$	-
	\$	\$ 132,110 100,000 3,240,262 408,120 826,498 10,788,644	\$ 132,110 \$ 100,000 \$ 3,240,262 \$ 408,120 \$ 826,498 \$ 10,788,644	\$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 100,000 100,000 3,240,262 - 408,120 408,120 826,498 275,499 10,788,644 -	Total year \$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 100,000 100,000 3,240,262 - 408,120 408,120 826,498 275,499 10,788,644 -	Total year 1-3 years \$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 \$ - 100,000 100,000 - 3,240,262 - 3,240,262 408,120 408,120 - 826,498 275,499 550,999 10,788,644 - 5,788,644	Total year 1-3 years \$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 \$ - \$ 100,000 100,000 - 3,240,262 - 3,240,262 408,120 408,120 - 826,498 275,499 550,999 10,788,644 - 5,788,644	Total year 1-3 years 3-5 years \$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 \$ - 100,000 100,000 - - 3,240,262 - 3,240,262 - 408,120 408,120 - - 826,498 275,499 550,999 - 10,788,644 - 5,788,644 5,000,000	Total year 1-3 years 3-5 years \$ 132,110 \$ 132,110 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 3,240,262 \$ - 3,240,262 \$ 408,120 \$ 408,120 \$ 826,498 \$ 275,499 \$ 550,999 \$ 10,788,644 \$ 5,000,000

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Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

We presently do not have off-balance sheet arrangements.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

A portion of our operations are in China. Thus, a portion of our revenues and operating results may be impacted by exchange rate fluctuations between RMB and US dollars. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, we had an unrealized foreign currency translation gain of approximately \$2,000 and an unrealized foreign currency translation loss of approximately \$3,000, respectively, because of changes in the exchange rate.

Inflation

The effect of inflation on our revenue and operating results was not significant.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

As a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

In connection with the preparation of the quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022, our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, which are defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting were not effective as of March 31, 2022 due to the significant deficiencies which aggregate to a material weakness and was previously reported in our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021 ("2021 10-K"), that have not yet been remediated.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are subject to ordinary routine litigation incidental to our normal business operations. We are not currently a party to, and our property is not subject to, any material legal proceedings, except as set forth below.

On October 25, 2017, Genexosome entered into and closed a Stock Purchase Agreement with Beijing Genexosome and Yu Zhou, MD, PhD, the sole shareholder of Beijing Genexosome, pursuant to which Genexosome acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Beijing Genexosome in consideration of a cash payment in the amount of \$450,000, of which \$100,000 is still owed. Further, on October 25, 2017, Genexosome entered into and closed an Asset Purchase Agreement with Dr. Zhou, pursuant to which the Company acquired all assets, including all intellectual property and exosome separation systems, held by Dr. Zhou pertaining to the business of researching, developing and commercializing exosome technologies. In consideration of the assets, Genexosome paid Dr. Zhou \$876,087 in cash, transferred 500,000 shares of common stock of the Company to Dr. Zhou and issued Dr. Zhou 400 shares of common stock of Genexosome. Further, The Company had not been able to realize the financial projections provided by Dr. Zhou at the time of the acquisition and has decided to impair the intangible asset associated with this acquisition to zero. Dr. Zhou was terminated as Co-CEO of Genexosome on August 14, 2019. Further, on October 28, 2019, Research Institute at Nationwide Children's Hospital ("Research Institute") filed a Complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio Eastern Division against Dr. Zhou, Li Chen, the Company and Genexosome with various claims against the Company and Genexosome including misappropriation of trade secrets in violation of the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 and violation of Ohio Uniform Trade Secrets Act. Research Institute is seeking monetary damages, injunctive relief, exemplary damages, injunctive relief and other equitable relief. The Company intends to vigorously defend against this action and pursue all available legal remedies. The criminal proceedings against Dr. Zhou and Li Chen have been concluded and the civil litigation continue. The Company and Nationwide Child

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes from the risk factors set forth under Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. You should carefully consider these factors in addition to the other information set forth in this report which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks and uncertainties described in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, as well as other reports and statements that we file with the SEC, are not the only risks and uncertainties facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Our general development operations have continued during the COVID-19 pandemic and we have not had significant disruption. Currently we are unable to accurately predict the future impact of COVID-19 due to the developing circumstances and uncertainty surrounding this current pandemic, including the ultimate geographic spread of COVID-19, the severity of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, and effectiveness of the actions that may be taken by governmental authorities. Our management has been closely monitoring the impact caused by COVID-19 and we will continue to operate our business as steadily and safely as we can.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

2022 Convertible Note

On March 28, 2022, the Company entered into Securities Purchase Agreement with an accredited investor providing for the sale by the Company to the investor of a Convertible Note in the amount of \$4,000,000 (the "2022 Convertible Note"). In addition to the 2022 Convertible Note, the investor will also receive a Stock Purchase Warrant (the "2022 Warrant") to acquire an aggregate of 1,333,333 shares of common stock. The 2022 Warrants will be exercisable for five years at an exercise price of \$1.25. The financing closed with respect to \$2,669,521.60 of the financing on April 15, 2022 and with respect to \$659,580.64 of the financing on April 29, 2022. The Company and the investor expect to close on the balance of the \$4,000,000 in funding no later than May 15, 2022. As a result of the first closing, the Company issued the investor a 2022 Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$2,669,521.60 and a 2022 Warrant to acquire 889,840 shares of common stock and as a result of the second closing, the Company issued the investor a 2022 Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$659,580.64 and a 2022 Warrant to acquire 219,860 shares of common stock.

The 2022 Convertible Note bears interest at 1% per annum payable at maturity and matures ten years from issuance. The investor may elect to convert all or part of the 2022 Convertible Note, plus accrued interest, at any time into shares of common stock of the Company at a conversion price equal to 95% of the average of the highest three trading prices for the common stock during the 20-trading day period ending one trading day prior to the conversion date but in no event will the conversion price be lower than \$0.75 per share.

The investor agreed to restrict its ability to convert the 2022 Convertible Note and exercise the 2022 Warrants and receive shares of common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by the investor after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.99% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Further, the investor agreed to not sell or transfer any or all of the shares of common stock underlying the 2022 Convertible Note or the 2022 Warrant for a period of 90 days beginning on the closing date (the "Lock-Up Period"). Following the expiration of the Lock-Up Period, the investor has agreed to limit its sale or transfer of such shares of common stock to a maximum monthly amount equal to 20% of the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the 2022 Convertible Note. The Company agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to file a registration statement on Form S-3 (or other appropriate form) providing for the resale by the investor of the shares of common stock underlying the 2022 Convertible Note and the 2022 Warrant.

Common Shares Issued for Services

In April 2022, the Company issued a total of 329,592 shares of its common stock for services rendered and to be rendered. These shares were valued at \$290,950, the fair market values on the grant dates using the reported closing share prices on the dates of grant, and the Company reduced accrued liabilities of \$251,590 and recorded prepaid expense of \$39,360 which will be amortized over the rest of corresponding service periods.

The offers, sales, and issuances of the securities described above were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 or Regulation D promulgated thereunder as transactions by an issuer not involving a public offering. The recipients of securities in each of these transactions acquired the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof and appropriate legends were affixed to the securities issued in these transactions. Each of the recipients of securities in these transactions was an accredited or sophisticated person and had adequate access, through employment, business or other relationships, to information about us.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Equity Offering

On December 13, 2019, the Company entered into an Open Market Sale AgreementSM (the "Sales Agreement") with Jefferies LLC, as sales agent ("Jefferies"), pursuant to which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, through Jefferies, shares of its common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$20.0 million. On April 6, 2020, the date on which the Company filed its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the Company's registration statement became subject to the offering limits set forth in General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3. From December 13, 2019 through May 11, 2022, Jefferies sold an aggregate of 6,429,486 shares of common stock at an average price of \$1.57 per share to investors. The Company received net cash proceeds of \$9,771,496, net of commission paid to sales agent of \$302,211.

Nasdaq Notice

On February 9, 2022, the Company received notice from The Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") that the closing bid price for the Company's common stock had been below \$1.00 per share for the previous 30 consecutive business days, and that the Company is therefore not in compliance with the minimum bid price requirement for continued inclusion on The Nasdaq Capital Market under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) (the "Rule"). Nasdaq's notice has no immediate effect on the listing or trading of the Company's common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market. The notice indicates that the Company will have 180 calendar days, until August 8, 2022, to regain compliance with this requirement. The Company can regain compliance with the \$1.00 minimum bid listing requirement if the closing bid price of its common stock is at least \$1.00 per share for a minimum of ten (10) consecutive business days during the 180-day compliance period. If the Company does not regain compliance during the initial compliance period, it may be eligible for additional time to regain compliance. To qualify, the Company will be required to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of its publicly held shares and all other Nasdaq initial listing standards, except the bid price requirement, and will need to provide written notice to Nasdaq of its intention to cure the deficiency during the second compliance period by effecting a reverse stock split, if necessary. If the Company is not eligible or it appears to Nasdaq that the Company will not be able to cure the deficiency during the second compliance period, Nasdaq will provide written notice to the Company's common stock will be subject to delisting. In the event of such notification, the Company may appeal Nasdaq's determination to delist its securities, but there can be no assurance that Nasdaq would grant the Company's request for continued listing. The Company intends to actively monitor the minimum bid price of its common stock and may, as appropriate, consider available options to regain co

A delisting of our common stock is likely to reduce the liquidity of our common stock and may inhibit or preclude our ability to raise additional financing.

Avactis

On July 18, 2018, we formed Avactis Biosciences Inc. ("Avactis"), a Nevada corporation, as a wholly owned subsidiary. On October 23, 2018, Avactis and Arbele Limited ("Arbele") agreed to the establishment of AVAR BioTherapeutics (China) Co. Ltd. ("AVAR"), a Sino-foreign equity joint venture, pursuant to an Equity Joint Venture Agreement (the "AVAR Agreement"), which was to be owned 60% by Avactis and 40% by Arbele. On April 6, 2022, the Company, Acactis, Arbele and Arbele Biotherapeutics Limited ("Arbele Biotherapeutics"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Arbele, entered into an Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Joint Venture Agreement pursuant to which Arbele Biotherapeutics acquired 40% of Avactis for the purpose of the Company and Arbele establishing a joint venture in the United States and the parties agreed that they would no longer pursue AVAR as a joint venture. Further, all rights and obligations under the AVAR Agreement were assigned by Avactis to Avalon and by Arbele to Arbele Biotherapeutics. Avactis established Avactis Nanjing Biosciences Ltd., a wholly owned foreign entity in the PRC. Further, the parties agreed that the Exclusive Patent License Agreement dated January 3, 2019 entered between Arbele, as licensor, and AVAR, as licensee (the "Arbele License Agreement"), was assigned to Avactis and Avalon and Arbele agreed to enter into a new Arbele License Agreement with Avactis on the same/similar terms as the Arbele License Agreement. Further, Dr. Anthony Chan was appointed to the Board of Directors of Avactis and as the Chief Scientific Officer of Avactis. Avactis purpose and business scope is to research, research, develop, produce, sell, distribute and generally commercialize CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy globally including in the PRC. The Company is required to contribute \$10 million (or equivalent in RMB) in cash and/or services, which shall be contributed in tranches based on milestones to be determined jointly by Avactis and the Company in writing subject to the Company's cash reserves. Within 30 days, Arbele Biotherapeutics shall make contribution of \$6.66 million in the form of entering into a License Agreement with Avactis granting Avactis with an exclusive right and license in China to its technology and intellectual property pertaining to CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy technology and any additional technology developed in the future with terms and conditions to be mutually agreed upon the Company and Avactis and services. As of the date hereof, the License Agreement has not been finalized.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

Open Market Sale Agreement SM dated as of December 13, 2019, by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Jefferies LLC. (incorporate Exhibit 1.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 13, 2019) 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 26, 2018) 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed with Exchange Commission on April 26, 2018) 4.1 Form of Subscription Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and the December 2016 Accredited Investors (incorporated by 4.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 21, 2016) 4.2 † Stock Option issued to Luisa Ingargiola dated February 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Current Report on Form Securities and Exchange Commission on February 21, 2017) 4.3 Form of Subscription Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and the March 2017 Accredited Investor (incorporated by reference of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2017) 4.4 Share Subscription Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp., Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd., Beijing E Technology Co., Ltd., and Daron Liang (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2017) 4.5 Warranty Agreement between Lu Wenzhao and Beijing DOING Biomedical Technology Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017) 4.6 Form of Subscription Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and the October 2017 Accredited Investors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the Securitie	orm 8-K/A filed with th the Securities and reference to Exhibit
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4.8 Form of Warrant (April 2019) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Security Commission on April 26, 2019)	rities and Exchange
4.9 Description of Securities Registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit Quarterly Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)	t 4.9 of the Annual
10.1 Share Exchange Agreement dated as of October 19, 2016 by and among Avalon Healthcare System, Inc., the shareholders of Avalon Healthcare System, Inc., the shareholders o	
10.2 † Executive Employment Agreement, effective December 1, 2016, by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and David Jin (incorporate Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 2, 2016)	ated by reference to
10.3 Agreement of Sale by and between Freehold Craig Road Partnership, as Seller, and Avalon GloboCare Corp., as Buyer dated as of I (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Dece	
10.4 † Executive Employment Agreement by and between Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Ltd. and Meng Li dated January 11, 2017 reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 11, 2017)	

10.5 †	Executive Retention Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Luisa Ingargiola dated February 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 21, 2017)
10.6 †	Indemnification Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Luisa Ingargiola dated February 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 21, 2017).
10.7 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Steven P. Sukel dated April 28, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 28, 2017).
10.8 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Yancen Lu dated April 28, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 28, 2017).
10.9	Consultation Service Contract between Daopei Investment Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and Avalon HealthCare System Inc. dated April 1, 2016 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 2017)
10.10	Consultation Service Contract between Hebei Yanda Ludaopei Hospital Co., Ltd and Avalon HealthCare System Inc. dated April 1, 2016 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 2017)
10.11	Consultation Service Contract between Nanshan Memorial Stem Cell Biotechnology Co., Ltd. and Avalon HealthCare System Inc. dated April 1, 2016 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 2017).
10.12	Loan Agreement between Lotus Capital Overseas Limited and Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. dated April 19, 2017 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 14, 2017).
10.13	Securities Purchase Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Genexosome Technologies Inc. dated October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017)
10.14	Asset Purchase Agreement between Genexosome Technologies Inc. and Yu Zhou dated October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017)
10.15	Stock Purchase Agreement between Genexosome Technologies Inc., Beijing Jieteng (Genexosome) Biotech Co. Ltd. and Yu Zhou dated October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017)
10.16 †	Executive Retention Agreement between Genexosome Technologies Inc. and Yu Zhou dated October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017)
10.17	Invention Assignment, Confidentiality, Non-Compete and Non-Solicit Agreement between Genexosome Technologies Inc. and Yu Zhou dated October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017).
10.18 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Wilbert J. Tauzin II dated November 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 7, 2017)
10.19	Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Tauzin Consultants, LLC dated November 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 7, 2017)

10.20 †	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and David Jin dated April 3, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 4, 2018)
10.21 †	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Meng Li dated April 3, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 4, 2018)
10.22	Advisory Service Contract between Ludaopei Hematology Research Institute Co., Ltd. and Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. dated April 1, 2018 (English translation) (Incorporated by reference to that Form S-1 Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 19, 2018)
10.23	Form of Subscription Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and the April 2018 Accredited Investors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 18, 2018)
10.24	Supplementary Agreement Related to Share Subscription by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp., Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd., Beijing DOING Biomedical Technology Co., Ltd. and Daron Liang dated April 23, 2018 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 26, 2018)
10.25	Loan Extension Agreement between Lotus Capital Overseas Limited and Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. dated May 3, 2018 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 11, 2018)
10.26 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Tevi Troy dated June 4, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 6, 2018)
10.27	Joint Venture Agreement by and between Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. and Jiangsu Unicorn Biological Technology Co., Ltd. dated May 29, 2018 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 6, 2018)
10.28 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and William Stilley, III dated July 5, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 10, 2018)
10.29 †	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Steven A. Sanders dated July 30, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 31, 2018)
10.30	Loan Extension Agreement between Lotus Capital Overseas Limited and Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co., Ltd. dated August 3, 2018 (English translation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10,30 of the Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 7, 2018)
10.31	Strategic Partnership Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Weill Cornell Medical College of Cornell University dated August 6, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 of the Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 7, 2018)
10.32	Equity Joint Venture Agreement by and between Avactis Biosciences, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Avalon GloboCare Corp., and Arbele Limited for the establishment of AVAR (China) BioTherapeutics Ltd. dated October 23, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 29, 2018)
10.33	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and David Jin dated January 3, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2019)

10.34	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Luisa Ingargiola dated January 3, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2019)
10.35	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon (Shanghai) Healthcare Technology Co. Ltd. and Meng Li dated January 3, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2019)
10.36	Promissory Note issued to Daniel Lu dated Mach 18, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2019)
10.37†	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Meng Li dated April 5, 2019 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 8, 2019)
10.38†	Director Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Yue "Charles" Li dated April 5, 2019 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 8, 2019)
10.39	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement dated April 25, 2019 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 26, 2019)
10.40	Revolving Line of Credit Agreement dated as of August 29, 2019 between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Wenzhao "Daniel" Lu dated August 29, 2019 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 3, 2019)
10.41	Form of Warrant Redemption and Cancellation Agreement (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 21, 2019)
10.42	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and David Jin dated February 20, 2020 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2020)
10.43	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Meng Li dated February 20, 2020 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2020)
10.44	Letter Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Luisa Ingargiola dated February 20, 2020 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2020)
10.45	Debt Settlement Agreement and Release between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Wenzhao "Daniel" Lu (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 22, 2021)
10.46	Corporate Research Agreement by and between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and the University of Pittsburgh of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education dated July 8, 2021 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2021)
10.47	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 28, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.47 of the Annual Quarterly Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)
10.48	Form of Convertible Note – March 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.48 of the Annual Quarterly Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)
10.49	Loan Extension and Modification Agreement between Avalon GloboCare Corp. and Wenzhao Lu dated March 28, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.49 of the Annual Quarterly Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)

10.50	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 28, 2022 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.47 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)
10.51	Form of Convertible Note – March 2022 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.48 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2022)
10.52	Form of Warrant – March 2022 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 29, 2022)
10.53*	Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Joint Venture Agreement entered between Avalon GloboCare Corp., Avactis Biosciences Inc., Arbele Limited and Arbele Biotherapeutics Limited dated April 6, 2022
21.1	List of Subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.1 of the Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 20, 2018)
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

^{*} Filed herewith

[†] Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

AVALON GLOBOCARE CORP.

(Registrant)

Date: May 11, 2022 By: /s/ David K. Jin

Date: May 11, 2022

David K. Jin

Chief Executive Officer, President and

Director (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Luisa Ingargiola

Luisa Ingargiola Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

41

AMENDMENT NO. 1 THE EQUITY JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENT

THIS **AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE EQUITY JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENT** (the "Amendment") IS MADE AS OF THIS DAY OF Apr <u>6</u>, 2022 (the "Effective Date"), BY AND BETWEEN THE FOLLOWING PARTIES:

Avactis Biosciences, Inc., a corporation duly incorporated and existing under the laws of the State of Nevada with its registration address at 4400 Route 9 South, Suite 3100, Freehold, New Jersey 07728, USA (hereinafter referred to as "Avactis"),

Arbele Limited, a limited liability company duly incorporated and existing under the laws of Hong Kong with its registration address at Unit 522, Biotech Center 2, 11 Science Park West Avenue, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong (hereinafter referred to as "**Arbele**"),

Avalon GloboCare Corp., a corporation duly incorporated and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its registration address at 4400 Route 9 South, Suite 3100, Freehold, New Jersey 07728, USA (hereinafter referred to as "**Avalon**"); and

Arbele Biotherapeutics Limited, a limited liability company duly incorporated and existing under the laws of Hong Kong with its registration address at Unit 522, Biotech Center 2, 11 Science Park West Avenue, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong (hereinafter referred to as "**Arbele Biotherapeutics**").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Avactis and Arbele entered into the Equity Joint Venture Agreement dated October 23, 2018 (the "Original Agreement") for the establishment of AVAR BioTherapeutics Limited ("AVAR") as an equity joint venture located in the People's Republic of China as amended by a letter dated January 3, 2019 (the "PRC") a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

WHEREAS, Arbele and Avactis (acting as a shareholder of AVAR) have entered into the Exclusive Patent License Agreement dated January 3, 2019 (the "License Agreement") a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B;

WHEREAS, Avalon owns 1,000 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share (the "Avactis Common Stock"), of Avactis and is the sole shareholder of Avactis as of the date of this Amendment and immediately prior to closing of the Subscription (as defined in Section 4 below);

WHEREAS, Avactis is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Avalon GloboCare Corp., and Arbele Biotherapeutics is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Arbele Limited;

WHEREAS, Avactis, Arbele, Avalon and Arbele Biotherapeutics intend to amend the Original Agreement and the License Agreement as set forth herein;

WHEREAS, Avactis shall assign all of its rights and interest in the Original Agreement to Avalon, the parent company of Avactis, and Arbele consents to such assignment;

WHEREAS, Arbele shall assign all of its rights and interest in the Original Agreement to Arbele Biotherapeutics, and Avactis consents to such assignment;

WHEREAS, Arbele shall assign all of its rights and interest in the License Agreement to Avactis and all parties consent to such assignment;

WHEREAS, in lieu of establishing a joint venture in the PRC, the parties desire for Arbele Biotherapeutics to invest \$668.00 into Avactis in consideration of 668 shares of Avactis Common Stock (the "Avactis Stock") as that Avactis will become a joint venture in the United States between Avalon and Arbele and, upon closing of the Subscription, Avactis shall be owned as to 60% by Avalon and 40% by Arbele Biotherapeutics;

WHEREAS, Avactis has established Avactis Nanjing Biosciences Ltd.(艾沛克思(南京)生物科技有限公司) ("Avactis Nanjing"), which is a wholly owned foreign entity in PRC with a registered capital of USD3 million. Both Avactis and Avactis Nanjing have not yet commenced any business activities; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to amend the Original Agreement to implement the aforementioned items.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Definitions</u>. Unless otherwise defined in this Amendment, each capitalized term used in this Amendment has the meaning assigned to such term in the Original Agreement.

Section 2. Assignments.

- (1) Avactis hereby assigns, transfers and sets over to Avalon all of its right, title and interest in and to the Original Agreement and all parties consent to such assignment. Avalon hereby assumes all of Avactis's obligations under the Original Agreement.
- (2) Arbele hereby assigns, transfers and sets over to Arbele Biotherapeutics all of its right, title and interest in and to the Original Agreement and all parties consent to such assignment. Arbele Biotherapeutics hereby assumes all of Arbele's obligations under the Original Agreement.
- Section 3. <u>License Agreement.</u> Subject to the closing of the Subscription, Arbele [and Avalon] shall enter into a new license agreement with Avactis on [the same/similar] terms as the License Agreement.
- Section 4. <u>Subscription</u>. Arbele Biotherapeutics hereby subscribes for and agrees to accept from Avactis the Avactis Stock in consideration of \$668.00 and Avactis agrees to sell to Arbele Biotherapeutics at a price equal to \$1.00 per share of Avactis Stock (the "Subscription"). The purchase price is payable by check or by wire transfer of immediately available funds to Avactis.

Section 5. Amendment to the Original Agreement. The Original Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(a) Article 2 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Article 2 The name of the Joint Venture shall be "Avactis Biosciences, Inc."

(b) Article 4 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Article 4 The purpose and business scope of the Joint Venture is to research, develop, produce, sell, distribute and generally commercialize CAR-T/CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cellular immunotherapy globally including the PRC as more fully described in **Appendix A**.

(c) Article 16 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

Dr. David Jin currently serves as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Avactis. The following persons shall be appointed to the Board of Avactis to serve together with Dr. Jin until their successors are duly appointed, death or resignation:

Dr. Anthony Chan nominated by Arbele Biotherapeutics

(d) Article 20 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Dr. Jin currently serves as the Chief Executive Officer, President, Secretary and Treasurer of Avactis. The following persons be, and they hereby are, appointed officers of Avactis to serve in accordance with the By-Laws of Avactis until the meeting of directors of Avactis next following the next annual meeting of shareholders of Avactis and until their successors are appointed or elected and qualify:

Dr. Anthony Chan as the Chief Scientific Officer

Dr. Jin and Mr. Luk shall be considered the Supervisors as such term is defined in the Original Agreement.

(e) Article 27 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

The Chief Executive Officer shall submit accounting reports to Avalon and Arbele Biotherapeutics according to the following schedule:

- 1. within the first (1) month of every fiscal year, develop and submit the accounting report unaudited of the last fiscal year; and within the first two (2) months of every fiscal year, develop and submit the accounting report audited of the last fiscal year; and
- 2. shall submit the accounting budget of the next year sixty (60) days ahead of the ending of every fiscal year.
- (f) Article 55 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

The formation of this Contract, its validity, interpretation, execution and settlement of any dispute arising hereunder shall be governed by the laws of the State of Nevada

(g) Article 56 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Any dispute arising from the execution of this Contract shall be settled by the parties through friendly negotiation. In the event the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute through negotiation, the dispute shall be submitted to arbitration with the American Arbitration Association (AAA) located in Los Angeles, California for arbitration in accordance with valid arbitration rules of AAA. The arbitration award shall be final and binding on the Parties.

(h) Article 58 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

English language shall be the uniform language used in office affairs of the Joint Venture.

(i) Article 59 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Any issue not duly covered in this Contract shall be executed in accordance with provisions set forth in the Laws of the State of Nevada.

(j) Article 3, Section 6.2, Article 7, Article 9, Article 13(1), Article 17, Article 22, Article 23, Article 24, Article 25, Article 26, Article 31, Article 32, Article 36, Article 37, Article 38, Article 39, Article 40 and Article 61 are hereby deleted.

[signature page follows]

[SIGNATURE PAGE]

Avactis Biosciences, Inc.

Signature: /s/ David Jin

Name: David Jin, MD, PhD

Title: CEO

Avalon GloboCare Corp.

Signature: /s/ David Jin
Name: David Jin, MD, PhD

Title: CEO

Arbele Limited



Signature:

Name: John M. Luk, Dr.Med.Sc., EMBA

Title: Chairman

Arbele Biotherapeutics Limited

Signature: /s/ LEE Kin Man

Name: LEE Kin Man
Title: Director

Appendix A[update]

Joint Venture Purpose and Business Scope

[The Joint Venture is focused on the researching, developing, manufacturing, and commercializing cellular therapy, including (but not limited to) autologous CAR-T, CARNK, TCR-T, as well as allogeneic/universal cell-based immunotherapy for treating cancer patients globally and in China with an initial focus on a RNA-based dual anti-CD19-CD22 candidate ("AVA-011") which is currently at process development stage at the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center (UPMC). Both parties will work together to ensure the timely completion of cGMP bioprocessing and bioproduction of AVA-011, and proceed to international multi-center clinical studies of AVA-11 for relapsed/refractory hematologic malignancies.

The Joint Venture shall be responsible for:

- Developing, manufacturing and commercializing autologous and universal CAR-T/ CAR-NK/TCR-T/universal cell-based immunotherapy, with priority in RNA-based gene and cell therapies, in the PRC in full compliance with regulations in the PRC pertaining to cellular immunotherapy;
- Completion of process development for AVA-011 at UPMC by Q1 2023, and proceed to subsequent IIT/IND clinical studies (clinical sites to be mutually determined by both parties)
- Developing cellular immunotherapeutics, including but not be limited to, generating, bio-manufacturing, standardizing, and bio-banking of autologous/universal CAR-T/ CARNK/ TCR-T cellular therapeutics;
- Strategic plan to establish and scale up biomanufacturing of cellular immunotherapeutics at the joint venture facility;
- Ensuring that the Joint Venture is in full compliance with all PRC regulations, as well as ready for relevant accreditation including but not limited to AABB/FACT/GMP/ISO9001;
- Recruiting scientists, engineers, clinicians, and management personnel to implement the scope and purpose of the Joint Venture;
- If necessary, the Joint Venture will engage in fund-raising activities to support its research, development and commercialization programs

Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, David K. Jin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "report") of Avalon GloboCare Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 11, 2022 By: /s/ David K. Jin

David K. Jin Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Luisa Ingargiola, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "report") of Avalon GloboCare Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 11, 2022 By: /s/ Luisa Ingargiola

Luisa Ingargiola Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

The undersigned, David K. Jin and Luisa Ingargiola, in their capacities as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of Avalon GloboCare Corp. (the "Registrant") do each hereby certify with respect to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the period ended March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), that, to the best of their knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report.

Date: May 11, 2022 /s/ David K. Jin

David K. Jin

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive

Officer)

Date: May 11, 2022 /s/ Luisa Ingargiola

Luisa Ingargiola

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)